DAVID WATERS
and
CONSIDER LAW

of Lebanon and Hebron, Connecticut,
and Oneida Co., N. Y.

Their Ancestors
and
Some Descendants

IN THE LINE OF THEIR CHILDREN
ARETUS WATERS AND CAROLINE LAW

THE KEYSTONE PRESS, INC.
LINCOLN, NEBRASKA
1929

Descent of

GEORGE L. WATERS

from

RICHARD WATERS,

Salem, Mass. 1637

1

Richard Waters .....Joyce .....

2

James Waters .....Mary Stallworthy

3

Samuel Waters .....Anne (Sterling?)

4

Stallworthy Waters .....Sarah Carrier

5

Stallworthy Waters .....Abigail Dayton

6

David Waters .....Eunice Curtis

7

Aretus Waters .....Caroline Law*

8

Albertus Waters .....Cynthia Nodine

9

George L. Waters .....Ida A. Parsons

*Descendants eligible to Mayflower Society

WATERS

JAMES WATERS, citizen of the Parish of St. Buttolph without Aldgate, London, was an ironmonger. He was buried in London, Feb. 2, 1617. His wife PHEBE MANNING was the daughter of Mr. George Manning, Gentleman, of Downe, Co. Kent, England. She married (2), Feb. 23, 1618, William Plasse, gun-maker.

An abstract of the will of JAMES WATERS, proved 16 Feb., 1617, follows:

"James Waters of the Parish of St. Buttolph, without Algate, London, citizen and iron-monger of London, 17 May, 1617, proved 16 Feb., 1617. (Old style reckoning).

To be buried in the south church yard of the Parish of St. Buttolph, without Algate, aforesaid, whereof I am a parishoner, in the place or near where my children do lie buried."

One full third part "I give and bequeath to my loving wife, PHEBE WATERS, one other full third I give and bequeath to my loving child RICHARD WATERS, and the other third part I reserve to myself, out of which I bequeath these legacies following, * * * Wife PHEBE and son RICHARD to be joint executors. Wit: Rich: Greene Scr. and Rob Kitchen servant to the same Scr. Proved by widow PHEBE WATERS. Power reserved for RICHARD WATERS the other executor when he shall claim it." (Meade, L17).

The children of JAMES and PHEBE (MANNING) WATERS, as recorded in the Parish records of St. Buttolph, were:

1 John, son of James Waters, citizen and Iron-Monger, bapt. Nov 30, 1600; same buried July 21, 1609
2 Phebe, daughter, bapt. Dec. 6, 1602
3 RICHARD, son, bapt. March 3, 1604
4 Judith, daughter, bapt. Jan. 24, 1607, buried Aug. 12, 1609
5 Elizabeth, daughter, bapt. Dec. 9, 1610
6 Mary, daughter, bapt. June 24, 1613

The following extract is from "Marriage Allegations," Bishop of London:—"1618-19, Feb. 8,—William Plasse, of St. Butolphes withoute Algate, London, gunmaker and widower, aged XLVIIty yeares or there about, and did alleg that he intended to marrie with PHEBE WATERS, widowe, of the same Pshe, aged XLVIIty yeares or thereabout, the Relicte of JAMES WATERS, Iremonger, deceased a yere since." William

Plasse and PHEBE WATERS were married by license "the XXIII day of Februarie, A. D. 1618."

In the year 1637 William Plasse and his wife PHEBE (WATERS) PLASSE, removed to Salem, Mass., where the town granted them the house formerly belonging to Mr. Conant, with a half acre attached, etc. And in 1643 a committee was appointed to provide for him a convenient room to work in and set up a forge.

He died 15:2:1646, according to the Quarterly Court files of Salem, and his estate was administered by Thomas Wicks, or Weeks, whose wife Alice, (afterwards wife of Nicholas Potter), and two children, Hannah, wife of John Pickman, and Bethia, wife of John Archer, are afterwards found occupying the real estate.

The gunsmith's tools were said to be in the possession of RICHARD WATERS, who, in a document now extant in the Court House at Salem, Mass., calls himself a son-in-law of the deceased.[1]

RICHARD[1] WATERS, gunsmith, immigrant ancestor of GEORGE L. WATERS of Lincoln, Nebraska, was baptized in the Parish of St. Buttolph, without Algate, London, March 3, 1604, son of James and Phebe (Manning) Waters of London.

He probably came to New England with his mother and step-father William Plasse in 1637.[1]

He married about 1637-8 JOYCE....., thought by some to have been the daughter of his step-father William Plasse by his first marriage. He became a proprietor of Salem, Mass., where he had ten acres of land granted him in 1637,[2] and was admitted a freeman May 23, 1639. He seems first to have lived near the head of Broad St., but must early have removed to Salem Neck near Cat Cove, where he conveyed building lots to several of his children, forming a hamlet afterwards known as Watertown, and which remained among his descendants until the middle of the last century.

In the early records of New England the name Waters appears as Waters, Watters, Watteres, Waterhouse, Watrous, Watercus, Wouters, Watrus, Walters, Warters, and in various other forms. In the "Colonial Records of Connecticut" (Vol. 14), John Waters Esq., who served as town clerk of Colchester in 1773 and represented the town as Deputy to the General Court in 1774 and 1775, is referred to on page 98 as John Waters, and on page 326 as John Waterhouse, which illustrates very clearly the irregular orthography of the times.

So far as is known there is no lineal descendant now living to bear up the family name in Salem, the old home of RICHARD, the first settler; but his descendants through his son John are now found seated at Sutton in Worcester Co., and Millbury in Middlesex Co., Mass., and it is thought that descendants of his son JAMES through his son Daniel are now living in Norfolk Co., Mass.

The exact date of RICHARD[1] WATER'S death is not known. His will, a beautiful specimen of penmanship written in his own hand, was made 16 July, 1676, and proved 28-9-1677. His wife JOYCE was named sole executrix.[3]

Will of RICHARD[1] WATERS (autograph and seal) "being ancient," dated July 16, 1676, and proved 28:9:1677, in Salem Court:

"after All my real Debts be truly paid out of my estate with which charge doth arise about my Funerall, I do will and bequeath my whole Estate that God hath giuen me in this world to say house and Lands chattells, goods, Debts, or whatever Estate I haue or of rights belongs to me, movable or unmovable, To JOYCE my beloued Wife for her to have and to hold after my decease the time of her natural life for her necessary use and comfort, and for that end whilst she remain my widow to haue Liberty for her necessity to sell any pt of the sd Estate first of the mouable and afterward of ye house and Land if need require (provided it be with the aduise and assistance of my overseers hereafter named), but in case she married then to haue no power to sell allinate or dispose of ye sd estat but to keep the housing in tenantable repair and the mouables from damage to be disposed of as followeth:

"It (item) I giue what remains of my estate At my wives decease to my son William to be Secured in the hands of my sonne Ezekiel for to maintain his Brother William During his natural life, in case my son Ezekiell be not willing to Keep him if my son John undertake it then he shall haue Wm's estate during his naturall life and at Williams Death to be disposed of as followeth,

It I giue to my son JAMES ten shillings, And to my son John ten shillings and to my Daughter Martha ten shillings provided there be left 40 pound clear estate at my son Williams Decease Allso my will is that the rest of my children

viz Abigail Punchard Mary English Susan Pulsifer and Hannah Striker who neither of them have had any pt. or portion of my estate already as my fore mentioned children have had, shall haue the rest of my estate that shall be left at my son Williams Decease (the legacies to my other Children being paid or deducted out as aforesaid to be equally devided between them be the Estate more or less it being likely that what is left then will be most in the House and Ground Therefore my will is that my son Ezekiel shall haue the first refusall of the sd house and Ground, and next any one of my children If neither of them will not or cannot, then it may be sold to any other psons, to be devided as aforsd further I do declare and it is my will that the piece of ground for a houseplott which I formerly gaue my Daughter Susanna by word of mouth shee shall have and enjoy forthwith and forever hereafter.

It. I entreat my Louing friends Mr. Edm. Batter, Mr. Hilliard Verine, Senr., and Christopher Babbidge and John Swinerton to be my overseers, to take care that this my will be truly and faithfully pformed.

It. I appoynt JOYCE my sd beloued wife to by my sole exec."

Witnesses, Hilliard Verin Sr. and John Swinerton.

Inventory of the estate of RICHARD WATERS, taken 25: 7:1677, by John Swinerton and Hilliard Verin Sr. the western end of the dwelling House with the brew house and about halfe an Acre of Land, 70 li.; 8 dozen of quart stone Juggs, 2 li.; a Copper with Worme and Appurtenance, Tubs, barrells with all the lumber in the brew house and wood, 6 li.; Cash 3 li. 19s.; a standing bedstead with bed, bolster, and 3 pillows, Rugg, blankets, sheets, vallence, and Curtains withall appurtinances, 7 li.; A Truckle bed and bedding, 2 li. 10s.; wearing apperil woolin and linin, 5 li.; 3 old chests wheel and Cards, 10s.; in the Hall, earthen and wooden platters and pewter potts, 8s.; 4 old chayers, Table, Stooles, payles and lumber, 10s.; 7 yds of blew linin, 7s.; swyne, 4 li.; Ropes and Tacles, 4 li. 12s.; Iron, viz., 2 pots, Lettle, tongs, fire shovel and hawks, 1 li.; in the hal Chamber 4 bu of wheat and a bbl of meale 1 li. 16s.; 4 linin p of sheets, bags and lumber, 2 li. 13s.; Creditor by severall psons, 28 li. 7s, 4d.; total 148 li. 10s. 4d. Debtor to several psons, 16 li. 1s. 2d.'

JAMES, probably eldest son of RICHARD WATERS, settled at Topsfield; John at Northfields, Salem, giving name to Waters River; Ezekiel remained in the Waters homestead, and his brother William was left in his keeping.[3]

The children of RICHARD[1] and JOYCE WATERS, the first six recorded in the Salem, Quarterly Court Files, were:[5]

1 JAMES[2] WATERS, probably eldest son
2 Daughter bapt. Nov. 27, 1640
3 John[2] b. Salem, 1640; bapt. Nov. 27, 1640 according to Benedict; m. Aug. 1, 1663 Sarah Tompkins
4 Elizabeth[2] Waters bapt. Feb. 26, 1642, d. Feb. 4, 1662
5 Abigail[2] Waters bapt. May 18, 1645, m. Oct. 26, 1669, Wm. Punchard
6 Ezekiel[2] Waters bapt. Apr. 9, 1647
7 Susanna[2] Waters bapt. Apr. 1, 1649, m. Benedict Pulsifer
8 Hannah[2] Waters bapt. Feb. 20, 1652-3, m. Apr. 10, 1673, Joseph Striker
9 Sarah[2] Waters, m. Feb. 26, 1651, Joshua Ray (not mentioned in will)
10 Phebe[2] Waters, m. Oct. 11, 1658, Thos. West; She d. Apr. 16, 1674
11 Mary[2] Waters, m. Aug. 27, 1667, Clement English
12 Martha[2] Waters
13 William[2] Waters

SECOND GENERATION
JAMES[2] WATERS

JAMES[2] WATERS, probably eldest son of RICHARD[1] and JOYCE WATERS, settled at Topsfield, Mass., where he died Sept. 11, 1704.[1]

His name appears in a county rate made 18 Nov., 1668, for Topsfield,[2] and he was among the inhabitants of Rowley and Topsfield who took the oath of allegiance, appearing before Ensign John Gould in Dec. and Jan. 1677-8.[3]

He married at Topsfield Mar. 24, 1669-70 MARY STALWORTHIE (Essex Quarterly Court Record.)[4]

He "signed the minesters rate for the yeare 1681 beginning in Nouember."[5]

At a lawful town meeting held 7 Mar. 1681-2 it was voted that "Peter Shamway and JAMES WATERS is chosen to ring Hoages for this yeare."[6]

In a court meeting held at Ipswich March 26, 1672, JAMES[2] WATERS was given a verdict against Patrick Morrin for slander. The defendant was ordered to make public acknowledgment in the first town meeting in Topsfield. Execution was fully satisfied on the following Apr. 2, under the hands of JAMES[2] WATERS, John How and James Hartscomb.[7]

The same defendant, for offering abuse to the wife of JAMES[2] WATERS, was ordered to be whipped and pay a fine. Upon his petition court remitted the corporal punishment.[8]

At a lawful town meeting 17 Dec., 1700, it was voted "the towne hath freed JAMES WATERS from All Rate as long as he lives."[9]

The parentage and date of death of MARY (STALWORTHIE) wife of JAMES[2] WATERS have not been found.

Their children, as recorded in the Topsfield Vital Records, were:[10]

1 Mary[3] Waters daughter of James, b. Feb. 7, 1669-70 Court Record
2 Elizabeth[3] Waters, daughter of James, b. May 23, 1672 Court Record
3 Abigail[3] Waters, daughter of James, b. Apr. 21, 1677 Court Record
4 SAMUEL[3] WATERS, son of James, b. May 22, 1679 Court Record
5 Daniel[3] Waters, son of James, b. Mar. 29, 1682 Court Record
*6 Stalworthie[3] Waters, son of James and Mary, b. Feb. 9, 1685-6
(See note at bottom of next page)
7 Roger[3] Waters, son of James and Mary (bapt.?) Feb. 17, 1685-6

THIRD GENERATION

ENSIGN SAMUEL[3] WATERS

ENSIGN SAMUEL[3] WATERS of Topsfield, Mass., and Saybrook and Hebron, Conn., son of JAMES[2] and MARY (STALLWORTHY) WATERS, was born at Topsfield, 22 May, 1679,[18] and died at Hebron, Conn., 12 Feb., 1742-3.[11]

The inscription on his grave-stone at Hebron[11],

"Here Lyeth the Body
of
Mr. Samuel Waters
who dyed in the
Sixty-fifth year
of his age
in February the 12th 1743
God Save the King, Amen."

corresponds with the date of his birth as given above.

About 1702 SAMUEL[3] WATERS married, probably at Lyme, Conn., ANNE....., who was the mother of all his children, and is named in her husband's will to be one of his Executors, the other being their son Joseph Waters.

She is said to have been Anne Sterling who was born at Haverhill, Mass,[19] 14 Mar., 1684, daughter of William[1] and Anne (Nichols) (Neale) Sterling of Salem and Haverhill, Mass., and Lyme, (later Saybrook), Conn., but the Lyme records do not record the marriage, and no other positive proof of it has been found, although evidences are not lacking which claim acceptance of the fact.

From a correspondent the following notes on the ancestry of ANNE wife of ENSIGN SAMUEL[3] WATERS have been received, quoted from the "Journal of Aaron Haight" and bearing every evidence of authenticity, but the compiler has been unable to find verification for the reference given:†

"My wife's name was Jemima Waters; she was born in Hebron, Conn. Her father's name was Samuel Waters—his

*It is to be noted that the name Stalworthie (Stalworthy) appears as a baptismal name in this line of descent for six generations. No other person has been found in the early New England records bearing this surname except MARY. She probably emigrated with some other family.

†Record of Prof. Frank Dean Tubbs of Lewiston, Me.

father's name also was Saml. Waters; he was born in Salem, Mass. My wife's grandmother Waters maiden name was Anne Stirling, of the same place. They removed to Hebron, Conn., where they brought up the following children—(then follow the names we are familiar with, of WORTHY, Gideon, Samuel, Anne, etc.).

My wife's brothers and sisters were Samuel, David, STIRLING, Elihu, Anne, Olive, Mindwell and Cynthia.

From Aaron Haight Journal, Hoyt Genealogy, p. 284."

The Vital Records of Hebron, Conn., bear no record of ANNE wife of ENSIGN SAMUEL[3] WATERS, but in every other way the ancestry of Jemima Waters, wife of Aaron Haight, as given above, is verified in them, the names of the children of ENS. SAMUEL WATERS as given in the Vital Records corresponding with those given in this record: and among his children as recorded in the Hebron records, his son Samuel, mentioned in Aaron Haight's record as the father of his wife Jemima Waters, was born there 29 May, 1719; he married 14 Apr., 1740, Jemima Howard, and their daughter Jemima Waters was born 10 May, 1744. With the exception of their son Elihu and daughter Cynthia who are not given in the Hebron records, their other children are recorded as given in Aaron Haight's record: Samuel, first child, born 28 Feb., 1742-3; Jemima born as above 10 May, 1744; Anna b. 18 May, 1746; David b. 15 Apr., 1748; Olive b. 27 Apr., 1752; Mindwell b. 9 July, 1754; and STIRLING b. 9 Sept., 1757, whose name, being a surname, is indicative of relationship with the Stirling family."

William[1] Stirling (or Sterling,) father of Anne, was born in England 1637, and is first mentioned in New England in the Salem, Mass. records. His third wife was Ann (Nichols) Neale, widow of John Neale, by whom he had one child, Ann, born at Haverhill, Mass., then a part of Salem, 14 Mar., 1684, who probably was identical with ANNE wife of SAMUEL[3] WATERS.

William[1] Stirling with his wife Ann and some of their family appear in Lyme, Conn., about 1697-8."

The time of SAMUEL[3] WATERS' removal from Topsfield to Saybrook, Conn., is not known. The first record found of him there is 9 Dec., 1706, when Nathan Andrews and SAMUEL WATTERUS sign their names as witnesses to a pro-

test of Wm. Starling, shipwright, of Lyme, Conn., against Samuel Wentworth of Boston."[19]

Samuel[3] Waters purchased land at Hebron, Conn., in 1708, and probably removed there at that time; the deed record is at Deep River, Conn., and states that at the date of the deed, 23 Nov., 1708, SAMUEL was residing in "above sd Town, County and Colonie," meaning Saybrook.

In "Historical Notes Relating to Hebron, Conn.," David Barber says that Samuel Waters came to Hebron from Saybrook.[20]

The land at Hebron was bequeathed by Joshua or 'Attawanhood" the Indian Sachem of the Mohegans, to Saybrook men, and by them allotted to proprietors who settled there or sold their rights. The first allottment was in 1702, and the second in 1710.[21]

In the year 1704 a settlement was commenced in the town by men from Windsor, Saybrook and Northampton, and from Long Island.[22]

In 1710 SAMUEL WATERS of Hebron had a 100 acre lot laid out to him, also a meadow lot. In 1713 SAM'L WATTERS of Hebron bought 25 acres which was formerly Mr. Pratt's.

In 1725 SAMUEL WARTERS of Hebron was one of a committee to settle the claims of the Legatee's rights to lands claimed by the grantees of Capt. John Mason of Stonington, who claimed prior rights to tracts of land in Hebron. The case was in litigation many years before it was satisfactorily settled.[23]

SAMUEL WATERS of Hebron was appointed by the General Assembly of the Colony of Connecticut to be ensign of a co. of trainband, and was commissioned accordingly Oct., 1722.[24]

He was a prominent man in the early affairs of the town, and was frequently called upon to assist the Court of Probate in taking inventories of estates, etc.

25 Jan., 1731, ENSIGN SAMUEL WATERS of Hebron and Nathaniel Foot of Colchester took an inventory of the estate of Edward Fuller of Colchester, and 29 Feb., 1731-2, SAMUEL WATERS and John Taylor took an inventory of the estate of Moses Sawyer of Hebron.[25]

ANNE, wife of ENSIGN SAMUEL WATERS, was living 4 July, 1749, on which date she appeared at the Court of Pro-

bate in Colchester requesting an adjustment of property as willed her, having had some misunderstanding with her son Joseph about handling the property. This is the last record found of her.

The will of SAMUEL WATERS is deposited for safe-keeping with many other Probate documents in the State Library, Hartford, Conn. The following is a copy of the original."

Will of ENSIGN SAMUEL WATERS
Exhibited 1 Mar., 1742-3

In the name of God Amen the 24 Jan. Anno Dom 1742-3

I SAM'L WATERS of Hebron in the county of Hartford being sick and weake of body but of a good memory and mind and calling to mind the Mortality of body and that it is Appointed for all men to Dye do make and ordain this my Last Will and Testament and for the first part I Recomend my Sold to God that gave it and my body to the Dust to be Buried in Christian Burial at the Discretion of my Executors.

And after my Just Debts and funerall Charges be paid I dispose of what worldly goods God in his goodness hath blessed me within this Life In the following manner

Item. I give and bequeath to my Loving Wife ANNA the use and improvement of the one half of my house Lott to go therewith the use of onehalf of my House and Barn and the use of one half of all my movabell Estate

And to my son Joseph Waters I give and bequeath as followeth That after the Decease of my sd wife my sd Son Shall have my sd House Lott Dwelling house and barn and all my movabells and in the meantime to have the use and improvement of the one halfe of sd Lot house barn and movibells.

Item I give and bequeath unto my Son STALWORTHY WATERS all that land which he liveth on about one Hundred acres buting East and South on Mr. Buills farm and north on Mr. Lord's Land north on the Contory (Country?) Grant as also I give to my sd son STALLWORTHY Eight acres of Land which I purchased of Joseph and John Phelps butting south and west on sd Buill's land and west and north on the Land given to sd WORTHY with this condition that the sd WORTHY WATERS pay to my daughter Temperance the sum of .....£ (blurred) money old tenor within three yrs from the date held of which if he shall not perform and

Do Then my will is that my sd Dau. shall Have sd Eight acres of Land to be at her disposal

Item I give and Bequeath to my son Saml Waters ab seventy a of Land which he now lives on butting as followeth buting on the Highway west forty five Rods to run by the Highway from Benj. Taylor S. W. corner forty five Rods to a heap of stones and then to run eastward one hundred and Eighty Rods to a walnut staddle stones laid to it by wests path and so to bound north on Benjamin Taylors land.

Item I give to my son Adam Waters the remaining part of the farm on ye east sid of ye Highway to but west on sd way north on ye land now given to my sd son Samuel Waters south on the land belonging to Masons Grantors.

Item I give to my son Gideon Waters Ten shillings to be paid to him by my Exectr and I give to my grandson Timothy Waters the sum of (blurred) Hundred pounds to be paid By my Exectr when he shall arrive to the age of Twenty and one years and that he be put to a trade at ye age of fourteen years

Item I give to my Daughter Anne Nox (Knox?) the sum of twenty pounds money legal tenor To be paid at the end of two years from the date held of by my Ex. or if they think best to keep the sd twenty pounds in thair hands they may do so paying Interest for the space of Ten years and then pay sd twenty pounds

Item I give to my other four daughters namely Mary Lois Eunice and Temperance as followeth

to Mary I give a heifer of two years old at the end of two yrs from the Date hereof being her portion with what I have formerly given her

Item I give to my Daughter Eunice forty five pounds agreeable to old tenor the one half to be paid at the end of three yrs from the Date hereof and the half six yrs from the Date hereof and to my two Daus. Lois and Temperance I give to each of them the sum of seventy pounds money old tenor the one half to be paid them at the end of three years and the other half at the end of six years from the Date hereof and which sums and legacies and bequests afore expressed shall be pd out by sd Wife and my sd son Joseph whom I hereby ordain and appoint to be my executors to this my last will and Testament and I do hereby strictly for-

bid all conveyances or alionation of any of the lands hereby given to my sons and I the sd SAMUELL WATERS do hereby disallow and make void all Former Wills by me made Ratifying and confirming this and only this to be my Last Will and testament

In witness hereof I have hereunto set my hand and seal Jan. the 24th A D 1742-3

Signed Sealed Published pronounced and Declared by the sd witnesses to be his last will and testament in presence of

Nathaniel Phelps
John Gott
Abram Joslin

SAMUEL WATERS

Jonathan Bulkley
Prob. Judge

CODOCIL

Hebron, Jan. the second 1742-3.

I, SAMUEL WATERS of Hebron, in the county of Hartford, being weake and sick in body, but through the goodness of God of sound memory and mind, on some further Consideration make this acCodocil and first as I had granted to me by Joseph and Nathaniel Dewey 25 acres of land on the west end of my house lot. I did not dispose of in my foregoing will Now my will is that my son Adam Waters shall have sd 25 acres of land and that if sd Charles Dewey will make over to my sd son the lands lying to the west of a straight line from a walnut staddle being the south east corner of the land I have in my foregoing will given to my son Samuel to the south east corner of sd land I had of sd Charles Dewey then my sd son Adam shall release claim to the sd Charles Dewey the sd 25 acres of land at the west end of my house lot as above sd.

Secondly My will is that what provisions is laid out in My house shall be pdd. to the support of my family and not inventoried as my estate as also the hay for the keeping of the stock of creatures and not to be inventoried

And further my will is that all the land I have given to my four sons shall be rated to and the yearly dues shall be pd to the appispcall church so long as sd church be continued

in this town in conforming hereof I have hereto signed and sealed this day above said in presence and witness of

Benj Taylor
Simon Baxter
Nathanl Phelps

SAML WATERS

The Inventory, taken by Eleazer Skinner and Benoni Taylor, amounted to £418.31.7. Thomas Adams Clk. Entered in No. A Vol. p 39.

Will, Exhibited 1 March 1742-3, entered in No. A Vol. p. 34.

John Condren, Judge of Probate of Colchester

The children of ENSIGN SAMUEL[3] and ANNE WATERS, the first three born probably at Saybrook, the others at Hebron, Conn., were:[26]

1 STALLWORTHY[4] WATERS, b. 18 Mar., 1703, m. 27 Oct., 1727, SARAH CARRIER
2 Anne[4] Waters, b. 9 Oct., 1704; called Anne Knox in her father's will
3 Mary[4] Waters, b. 9 Sept., 1707; m. 30 Mar., 1727, Noah Owen
4 Gideon[4] Waters, b. 8 May, 1710; m. (1) 30 Dec., 1729, Elizabeth Cohoon who d. 3 June, 1730. He m. (2) 30 Sept., 1731, Eunice Bartlett. He was appointed guardian of his daughter Elizabeth 1½ years old 7 Sept., 1731. His son Timothy was mentioned in his grandfather Samuel[3] Waters' will
5 Lowes (Lois?)[4] Waters, b. 14 May, 1713
6 Eunice[4] Waters, b. 12 Sept., 1715
1 Samuel[4] Waters, b. 29 May, 1719; m. Jemime Howard, 14 Apr., 1740. Had daughter Jemima[5] Waters, b. 10 May, 1744, probably m. Aaron II Hoyt, b. 1750, d. 1816
8 Adam[4] Waters, b. 19 June, 1720
9 Joseph[4] Waters, b. 9 Feb., 1723; m. Lucy Gillett, 10 Dec., 1746. Named one of executors of his father's will
10 Temperance[4] Waters, b. 17 Feb., 1724-5

See STERLING, ANNE[2]

FOURTH GENERATION
STALLWORTHY[4] WATERS

STALLWORTHY[4] WATERS, eldest son of ENSIGN SAMUEL[3] and ANNE (STERLING?) Waters, was born, probably at Saybrook, Conn., 18 March, 1703. His birth is recorded in the Town records of Hebron, Conn., together with those of all his brothers and sisters.[25]

While still an infant he removed with his parents to Hebron, Conn., and married there 27 Oct., 1727, SARAH CARRIER.[26]

He lived on a farm of about 100 acres which was bequeathed him in his father's will, where probably all of his children were born. In his father's will and in the Hebron records he is called Worthy Waters.

15 May, 1736, WORTHY WATERS, a resident of Hebron, was one of 14 subscribers from Colchester, Hebron and Glastonbury to a petition to the General Assembly for a separate place of worship, as follows:[27]

"We would Humbly Shew to your Honrs our Difficult Circumstances." (A note explains that there was no bridge over Salmon River, and that it had to be forded.) "our Living So far from any Plas of the public worship of God. Some Living Seven, Some Eight miles and Several of us have so Weakley wives yt are not able to go to the Public Worship of God * * *. There are about sixty children in our neighborhood which are so small that they are not able to go to any place of Public worship." They asked the privilege of "hiring an orthodox minister to preach the Word to and among us."

The signers residing in Glastonbury were: "John Waddoms, Abraham Skinner, daved dekason (Dickinson) Sam'l Loveland, Joseph Whight (White);"

In Colchester (First Society), "Epaphras and Ichabod Lord;" in Hebron, "Benja neland, Wm. Beull, Benj. Neland Jr., John and Joseph Neland;" also

"WORTHY WATTERS and Ebenezer Mudg," who were probably residents of Hebron.

The Assembly granted the petitioners liberty to employ a minister, but did not release them from the taxes for the support of the ministry in the ecclesiastical societies to which

they respectively belonged. (Conn. Archives, vol. VIII doc. 205). The following year, 1737, a petition which had thirty-two signers was presented. But one "Benj. Neland" appears, and "Ebenezer Mudge" is absent; otherwise the names are those of the previous petition, and these added: from Colchester"Abraham and Dan'l Day, Andrew Carrier, Andrew Carrier Jr., Benj. Carrier and Benj. Carrier Jr., David Bigelow;' from Hebron "Noah Owen, Isaac Neeland, Timothy Buel;" from Glastonbury "Chas. Loveman (Loveland);" also "Robert Cogswell, Nathan Dunham Sr., Rochel Jones, John and Deliverance Waters, Sam'l Addams, John Adams (his mark), Dan'l Addams, Jos. Kellogg, Sam'l Buel and Benjamin Skinner."

This petition was not granted, but the perseverance of these pioneers shows itself in the repeated petitions which followed in 1740, 1745, 1746, 1747.

That of Apr., 1747, having been received favorably, the Society was incorporated, and named Marlborough.

STALLWORTHY[4] WATERS died at Hebron, Conn., in 1761. His wife SARAH who is mentioned in his will, died before 1 March, 1777, as she is mentioned as deceased in the will of her son STALLWORTHY JR. WATERS, of that date.

An abstract of the will of STALLWORTHY[4] WATERS, copied from the original in the Connecticut State Library, Hartford, Conn., follows:

Will of STALLWORTHY WATERS
Of Hebron, Hartford Co., Conn.
Entered Aug. 3, 1761.

Mentions wife SARAH; son Gideon; son Abner; son STALLWORTHY; son Abiathar; (other children probably named, but writing so faded that it is not legible).

Son STALLWORTHY Sole executor.

The Inventory mentions land given to Benjamin Waters, son of son Abner. The original manuscript, with its unique spelling and frequent use of the old style letter S beguiled a day's time on the part of the transcriber in deciphering it.

INVENTORY

Hebron, July 23, 1761

An Inventory of the Rale and parsanel Estate of STALL-

WORTHY WARTERS Late of Hebron Deseast (deceased), as taken by us the subscribers is

1 Cape Coddyrd Coat 18/ a Strat Codred Coat.....51-1-3-0
1 Waist Coat—18 Dito 51 linen briches.....11-0-6-8
1 Pair of all woll Briches 11—1 hat 81.....0-9-6
2 Pair of yarn Stockings 21—2 old shirts 1/6.....0-3-6
1 Shirt 4/2—1 pair of old shoes 016—3 yards and
¾ of.....? 2-5
1 feather bead and bolster in the north room.....1-17-6
2 linin Sheats 7:2 Coverlet belonging to sd bed.....0-17-0
1 trundle bed stad and Cord 4—1 warming pan 9-.....0-13-0
1 gun; 15/; 1 Cheast 31 Dito 2/0—1 earthen pot;.....1-1-0
1 raiser hone sope (soap) 2/6; Bible; 2/6.....0-5-0
1 Small Book titel page Christians Grate Interest.....0-1-6
1 Mr. Skiner's Sermon 0/6—to Sundry old books.....0-4-0
2 half pint Botels 1/6—4 vials 0/8—1 funel 0/8.....0-1-0
1 pair of Stiliards; 4/1 tailers goose; 1/6.....0-5-6
1 Candelstick 0/8; 1 old pair of Cards; 1/0.....0-1-8
1 pair of womans Shoes 5/; Specticels 1/0.....0-6-0
1 pound old puter 4 Shiling 1 Cup 2/3.....0-0-3
2 Plates 6/1; 2 bafons (basins) 4/0; 10 spones; 2/6....0-14-1
1 tin Kitel 2/6; one old iron pot 3/6.....0-6-0
1 Dito 4/0—1 old stone hamer 1/0.....
Splice and tongues 3/0.....10-8-0
1 tabel 2/0 grate chair 2/6 5 old chairs 2/.....0-11-6
1 grate Wheal 1/6; 2 fuit tub 21; 3 trais 1/3
(1 great wheel, 1 foot tub and 3 trays).....0-5-0

1 Brass Kitel 27/6—Churn 3/0—2 old pails 1/6.....1-12-0
4 Sider Bariels 6/0 (cider barrels)—1 Heatchet 4/0....0-16-0
1 Real (reel) : /8 the bead in the forth Chamber 33/4..1-14-6

2 Sheats 7/6; 2 blankets 20/0.....1-7-6
17 Pounds of Woll 22/8—1 morter and stone pes
(stone pestle?) 4.....1-4-8
1 old hand saw 1/0 a peace of a Cutles /6.....0-1-6
1 pair of Sheirs (shears).....0-0-6
1 Cow and Calfe 4£ 5 sh. Dito 3£ 12 sh.
1 Crasecut (crosscut) Saw and file.....70-4-0
1 father bead and under bead in the fourth roome 3/5....3-5-0

1 old ax 1/0; 1 meior (mirror?) 6/0; bed stad and Cord 5/6 20-0-0
1 Swine; 18/; 1 pigue (pig) 3/6 1-1-6
1 note on STALLWORTHY WARTERS due in ye yeare 1761 20-0-0
P. note Paiable in Dec. ye 25 day in the year 1764 57-1-3
68 acres or ther a bout including the House and Barn on Sd. land given to STALLWORTHY WARTERS JR. by will 204-0-0
and the Eleven acres given to Benj. Warters the son of Abner Warters the son of desest (deceased) 13-5-0
10 Sheep 2£ 10 sh.—1 foot Wheal 7/1 handkerchief 6/ 3-3-0
1 worsted gound (worsted gown) 15/ 1 bunnit 6/ 1 Petecoat 6/ 1-7-0
1 Dto Quilt 2/ lining (linen) gloves 1/6 0-4-6
2 Knapkins; 1/6—3 pillow coats 2/6 table cloth 3/6 0-6-0
1 Knapkin 2/6; 4 Knives and four forks: 4-6-6
1 old read and harniss 2/
Dto 5/6 0-7-6
1 old paniel 5/ 0-5-0

Wm. Buel
Robart Loveland
John Kilbourn
Executors under oath

Addition
4 cart bands 4/6—hamer 0/10 0-15-4
1 pair of Sheep Shers 3/0; 1 iron bar 13/0 0-16-0
2 iron Wedges & rings for Ceatel (Cattle) 4/0 0-4-0
4 Cart Boxes; 16/0 0-16-0
part of 2 drafte chains 5/3 0-5-3
1 pr of side chains & part of wipet tree 0-7-0

Distribution was made April 1763 to Abner Waters, Gideon Waters, Sarah Waters, Abiathar Waters, WORTHY WATERS, Ireane Waters, Isaac Waters., by

John Kilbourne
Robart Loveland

The children of STALLWORTHY[4] and SARAH (CARRIER) WATERS were:[5]

1 Sarah[5] Waters, b. 6 Sept., 1727-8, Hebron, Conn.

2 Abner[5] Waters, b. 15 May, 1729, Hebron, Conn.; m. Lydia Root 11 June, 1752

3 Irene[5] Waters, b. 5 Mar., 1731, Hebron, Conn.

4 STALLWORTHY[5] WATERS, b. 11 Jan., 1732-3, Hebron, Conn.; m. ABIGAIL DAYTON 8 Apr., 1759

5 Lydia[5] Waters, b. 1 Feb., 1734-5, Hebron, Conn., not mentioned in her father's will

6 Gideon[5] Waters, b. 8 Oct., 1736, Hebron, Conn.; m. Lydia Polly, 30 Apr., 1759

7 Temperance[5] Waters, b. 2 Feb., 1738-9, Hebron, Conn.; perhaps she who m. Elijah Wright, 10 Aug., 1753; not mentioned in her father's will

8 Miriam[5] Waters, b. 16 May, 1740, Hebron, Conn., not mentioned in her father's will

9 Ablathar[5] Waters, birth not recorded, but mentioned in his father's will

10 Isaac[5] Waters, birth not recorded, but mentioned in his father's will

See CARRIER

FIFTH GENERATION
MAJOR STALLWORTHY[5] WATERS

Major STALLWORTHY[5] WATERS, son of Stallworthy and Sarah (Carrier) Waters, was born at Hebron, Conn., 11 Jan., 1732-3, and died there between 1 March, 1777 (will), and 27 March, 1777 (inventory of estate).

In the records of Hebron and Marlborough wherein he is mentioned, his baptismal name is variously given as Stahlworthy, Staulwourtha, Stallworthy, Stillworthy, Still Worthy and Worthy.

April 8, 1759, STALLWORTHY WATERS JR. of Hebron married ABIGAIL DAYTON, daughter of Henry and Abigail Dayton of Brookhaven, L. I., and sister of Henry Dayton Jr. who resided in Colchester, Conn., and died there in 1803.

Oct., 1761, STALLWORTHY WATERS and Ruth Brown were appointed administrators of the estate of John Brown of Hebron, and in May, 1763, they were granted liberty by the Court to sell real estate as administrators.[20]

STALLWORTHY WATERS Jr. is mentioned frequently in the military history of the Colony of Conn., in which he bore an active part, serving his country in the French and Indian Wars and in the War of the Revolution, and rising from the rank of private in the earlier wars to that of Major at the beginning of the Revolution.

In the campaign of 1757, during the French and Indian Wars, "STAULWOURTHA WOUTERS Jr." served in Capt. Dickinson's co., 12 regt. Militia; also in Capt. Benj. Day's co. officered by men from Colchester and Hebron, Col. Jonathan Trumbull's militia regt. service for the relief of Fort Wm. Henry, Aug., 1757.[21]

In May, 1768, The General Assembly of Connecticut Colony appointed STILLWORTHY WATERS to be Lieutenant of the 13th co. or train band in the 12th regt., and in May, 1771, he was made Captain of the same company.[22]

June, 1776, he was appointed Major of the 2nd Battalion. From July to November, 1776, Major STILLWORTHY WATERS of Hebron, later with the militia, served on the staff of Col. Heman Swift's Batt. which was raised for service in the vicinity of Ticonderoga under Gen. Gates.[23]

His death in March, 1777, at the age of forty-four years,

and almost at the beginning of the Revolutionary struggle, ended his promising career as a soldier.

ABIGAIL (DAYTON), wife of STALLWORTHY WATERS, was appointed one of the executors of her husband's estate, by his will of March 1, 1777; no further record of her has been found.

The will of Major STALLWORTHY WATERS, copied from the original which is in the State Library, Hartford, Conn., is here given:

Will of STALLWORTHY WATERS
of Hebron in Co. of Hartford.

1 March 1777.

I, STALLWORTHY WATERS of Hebron in Co of Hartford being weak in Body but sound in memory, Blessed be God, do make and publiss this my last will and Testament.

And first I commit my Soul to God who gave it through my ever Blessed redeemer

And my Body to the Dust to be decently buried at the discretion of my Friends and the expence of my Executors hereafter named

Item I give and bequeath To my dear wife ABIGAIL one third part of all my movable Estate and over and above that of my movables I give her one riding Horse with a saddle and Bridle and likewise the rise and improvement of one third part of my land during her natural Life

Item I give to eldest son Worthy Twenty Pounds out of my Estate and all the remainder of my Estate real and personal I give and bequeath to my Children to be divided Equally among them

viz my three daughters—Abigail, Katherine and Temperance and five sons viz Worthy DAVID Elijah Norton and Leonard and I hereby Constitute and appoint my wife ABIGAIL Executrix and my brother Isaac Waters Executor to this my last will and Testament and order them to preserve Decent Grave Stones for my Deceased Parents and for myself at the Expense of my Estate before the distribution as above

In Witness hereof I have hereunto set my hand and seal this first Day of March in the year of our Lord 1777

WORTHY WATERS

In Presence of
Joell Owen
Isaac Waters
William Buel Jr.

(The Testator is called by the Distributors in their report to the Court—Major WATERS.)
Inventory March 27, 1777
by
Israel Foote
Elijah Kellogg
William Buel Jr.

Guardians appointed for Stallworthy, Temperance, Norton, Leonard, Elijah, DAVID, Catherine, Abigail, minor children of the above WORTHY WATERS.

The children of STALLWORTHY[5] and ABIGAIL (DAYTON) WATERS, as recorded in the Vital Records of Hebron, Conn.:[32]

1 Abigail[6] Waters, b. 7 Mar., 1760. Was she the Abigail Waters who m. Zadock Cutting of Shrewsbury 14 June, 1785?
2 Catherine[6] Waters, b. 6 May, 1761
3 Stallworthy[6] Waters, called oldest son Worthy in his father's will; born probably between Catherine, 1761, and Temperance, 1764; m. Sarah Whelden of Glastonbury, Oct. 8, 1787
4 Temperance[6] Waters, b. 6 May, 1764; m. Joseph Hills of Colchester, Conn., 6 Oct., 1791 (Col. V. R. 2-74)
5 DAVID[6] WATERS, b. 21 July, 1765; m. EUNICE CURTIS, 1 Feb., 1787; removed to Oneida Co., N. Y.
6 Elijah[6] Waters, b. 1 Aug., 1767; m. Lucy Hills of Colchester, 27 Dec., 1792; removed to Oneida Co., N. Y.
7 Norton[6] Waters, b. 5 Apr., 1769; m. Phebe Hills of Colchester, 3 Nov., 1791; removed to Orleans or Niagara Co., N. Y.
8 Leonard[6] Waters, b. 11 May, 1771; m. Huldah.....; resided in Fabius, Onondaga Co., N. Y.

See DAYTON

SIXTH GENERATION
DAVID[6] WATERS

Stallworthy or Worthy[6] Waters, son of STALLWORTHY[5] and ABIGAIL (DAYTON) WATERS, was born at Hebron, Conn., probably between the dates of birth of his sisters, Catherine, 6 May, 1761, and Temperance, 6 May, 1764, or about 1762-3. He is called eldest son Worthy in his father's will. He married at Hebron, 8 Oct., 1787, Sarah Whelden of Glastonbury, Conn. They removed to Washington Co., N. Y. No record of children.

Temperance[6] Waters, daughter of STALLWORTHY and ABIGAIL (DAYTON) WATERS, born at Hebron, Conn., 6 May, 1764, married at Colchester, Conn., 6 Oct., 1791, Joseph son of Abner Hills, and brother of Phebe Hills, who married Norton[6] Waters, brother of Temperance. Joseph Hills was born at Colchester, 30 Mar., 1764, and died there 29 Dec., 1809. His wife Temperance died Feb., 1852.[33]

Their children, born at Colchester, (perhaps others) were:

1 Worthy W.[7] Hills, b. 6 Sept., 1792
2 Catherine[7] Hills, b. 25 Mar., 1794, d. 15 Dec., 1896?
3 Abner[7] Hills, b. 17 Oct., 1796
4 Son, b. July, 1797, d. July, 1797

DAVID[6] WATERS, son of STALLWORTHY[5] and ABIGAIL (DAYTON) WATERS, was born at Hebron, Conn., 21 July, 1765. He married there 1 Feb., 1787, EUNICE CURTIS, daughter of Benjamin and Eunice (Bidwell) Curtis, born at Hebron, 3 Nov., 1767.[34]

Soon after the birth of their eldest child, David Jr. Waters, (so called in the town records,) they removed from Hebron to the adjoining town of Glastonbury, Conn., where DAVID is recorded in the First Government Census of 1790, having in his family 1 male over 16 years of age (himself), 3 males under 16, and 1 female (his wife). Here the births of seven of their children are recorded. In the early years of 1800 they removed to Oneida Co., N. Y., and settled near Cortland, where they both died.

DAVID and EUNICE (CURTIS) WATERS were the parents of 13 children, eleven of whom were born in Connecticut and two in New York, as follows:

1 David Jr.[7] Waters, b. 27 Dec., 1787, Hebron, Conn.[34]
2 Joseph[7] Waters, b. 30 Sept., 1789, Glastonbury, Conn.[35]
3 Worthy[7] Waters, b. 30 May, 1791, Glastonbury, Conn.[35]
4 Eunice[7] Waters, b. 11 Feb., 1793, Glastonbury, Conn.[35]
5 Caty[7] Waters, b. 27 July, 1794, Glastonbury, Conn.[35]
6 Lucy[7] Waters, b. 20 Apr., 1796, Glastonbury, Conn.[35]
7 ARETUS[7] WATERS, b. 8 Sept., 1798, Glastonbury, Conn.[35] m. CAROLINE LAW
8 Statira[7] Waters, b. 5 Oct., 1800, Glastonbury, Conn.[35]
9 Servetus[7] Waters
10 Nathaniel[7] Waters
11 Abigail[7] Waters
12 Temperance[7] Waters
13 Caroline[7] Waters

See CURTIS

Elijah[6] Waters, son of STALLWORTHY and ABIGAIL (DAYTON) WATERS, was born at Hebron, Conn., 1 Aug., 1767. He married 27 Dec., 1792, Lucy, daughter of Lebbeus and Hannah (Brown) Hills of Colchester, Conn., born at Colchester, 31 Dec., 1767.[33]

They had sons Elijah Jr.[7] Waters, born at Hebron, Conn., 9 Sept., 1793, and Abner Hills[7] Waters; probably other children. Abner Hills[7] Waters married 21 Sept., 1820, Adaline Law, twin sister of CAROLINE LAW who married Abner's cousin ARETUS WATERS.

Elijah[6] Waters removed to Westmoreland, Oneida Co., N. Y., about 1800, where he was one of the first settlers, together with CONSIDER LAW and his sons Consider Jr. and George W. Law. He was one of the 11 charter members of the First Baptist Church of Westmoreland, when it was constituted 17 Mar., 1803. He was living in 1851, very aged, but able to read the finest print without glasses, never having found it necessary to use them.[36]

Norton[6] Waters, son of STALLWORTHY and ABIGAIL (DAYTON) WATERS, was born at Hebron, Conn., 5 Apr., 1769. He married 3 Nov., 1791, Phebe, daughter of Abner Hills of Colchester, Conn., born at Colchester, 30 July, 1766.[33] Removed to Orleans or Niagara Co., N. Y. They had the following children recorded at Hebron:

1 Norton[7] Waters, b. 19 July, 1792, d. aged 5 weeks
2 Phebe[7] Waters, b. 24 Sept., 1793
3 Norton[7] Waters, b. 12 Feb., 1796

4 Stallworthy or Worthy Waters, b. 2 May, 1798; m. Mary Pride; had daughter Cynthia who m. Lewis Tubbs, parents of Frank Dean Tubbs, Prof. of Geology and Astronomy in Bates College, Lewiston, Me.

5 Hiram[7] Waters, b. 9 July, 1800

Leonard[6] Waters, son of STALLWORTHY and ABIGAIL (DAYTON) WATERS, was born at Hebron, Conn., 11 May, 1771. He married Huldah....., and they resided at Fabius, N. Y. They were the parents of two daughters:[38]

1 Amanda[7] Waters, m. .....Benjamin and had 4 sons and 2 daughters

2 Linda[7] Waters, m. Harry Greenman and had sons:

I Morgan[8] Greenman

II Lyman[8] Greenman

SEVENTH GENERATION
ARETUS[7] WATERS

ARETUS[7] WATERS *(David[6], Stallworthy[5], Stallworthy[4], Samuel[3], James[2], Richard[1])*, was born in Glastonbury, Conn., 8 Sept., 1798, [35] and died in Cortland, N. Y., 9 Nov., 1869. He married, probably in Westmoreland, Oneida Co., N. Y., 29 Oct., 1822, CAROLINE[5], daughter of Consider[4] and Sarah (Grommon) Law, born in Adams, Jefferson Co., N. Y., 23 Sept., 1803, died in Cortland, N. Y., 8 Apr., 1874.[40]

They resided on a farm near Truxton, N. Y., where all their children were born. He also kept a tavern in the adjoining town of Cuyler, N. Y. The last few years of their lives were spent in Cortland, where they are both buried.

The children of ARETUS and CAROLINE (LAW) WATERS were:[19]

1 Sarah[8] Waters, b. 6 Mar., 1825, d. same day
2 Eunice[8] Waters, b. 20 Nov., 1826, d. 3 Apr., 1828
3 Alcander Septimius[8] Waters, b. 23 Dec., 1827, d. 29 Dec., 1907; m. (1) 9 Jan., 1850, Martha A. Nodine; m. (2) 6 Oct., 1861, Esther Brown
4 Mordaunt Merton[8] Waters, b. 2 Mar., 1830, d. 17 Mar., 1894; m. 1 Jan., 1852, Elizabeth Beden
5 ALBERTUS ARETUS[8] WATERS, b. 18 Mar., 1832, d. 10 Feb., 1908; m. 18 July, 1852, CYNTHIA NODINE
6 Oscar[8] Waters, b. 12 Oct., 1834, d. 5 Mar., 1907; m. 12 Oct., 1861, Kate Webster
7 Orson[8] Waters, b. 12 Oct., 1834, d. 9 Jan., 1912; m. (1) about 1858, Margaret Comerford; m. (2) 22 Jan., 1879, Lucy (Bronson) Andrews
8 Alvah Darling[8] Waters, b. 12 July, 1837, d. 21 Apr., 1870; m. Apr., 1868, Helen Curtis; no children
9 Henry Dennison[8] Waters, b. 14 Sept., 1839, d. 17 July, 1912; m. (1) 30 Aug., 1862, Clara M. Griswold; m. (2) 21 Mar., 1871, Ellen Gibbs
10 David Curtis[8] Waters, b. 26 Apr., 1842, d. 10 Sept., 1915; m. 31 Oct., 1868, Sue Brown
11 George W. Law[8] Waters, b. 21 Apr., 1845, d. .....; m. 5 Sept., 1870, Helen M. Willett; no record of children
12 Emily Amelia[8] Waters, b. 6 Oct., 1849, living Jan., 1927; m. 31 May 1871, James H. Blanchard. They reside in Sunbury, Pa.

See LAW.

ARETUS and CAROLINE (LAW) WATERS were the parents of 12 children, 3 daughters and 9 sons. Two of the daughters,

Sarah and Eunice, died in infancy; the remaining daughter, Emily A. Waters Blanchard, is still living at the age of 80 years. All of the nine sons grew to manhood and married; and all had families, excepting Alvah D. and George W. When the Civil War came six of their sons, Alcander, Henry, Curtice, ALBERTUS, Alvah and George enlisted in the Union Army.

The following letters written by CAROLINE WATERS to her brother George W. Law, and by ARETUS WATERS to his daughter-in-law CYNTHIA wife of his son ALBERTUS WATERS, give an interesting account of the engagements in which their sons took part, and the hard experiences through which they passed. Most inspiring to their descendants is the loyalty of these sons to their country, and the nobility of character which is glimpsed through the letter of their mother.

Letter of CAROLINE (LAW) WATERS to her brother George W. Law, Westmoreland, N. Y.

Cortland, N. Y., About Feb. 1st, 1864

My dear Brother & Sister

I have long neglected to write to you It is not because I have forgotten you or want of affection towards you that I have not written but because I have so many children in the service of their country that claim a Mother's letter to comfort & console them Alcander was wounded at Gettysburg he lay on the battle field for three days he was a prisoner had his leg broken to pieces not a mouthful to eat for the whole time until he was retaken Henry was wounded at the same time had his hand shot through After he got so he could go he told the rebels that he must look up his brother He found him where he fell in the hot sun They had nothing to eat for three days Poor fellow how he suffered he gave up to die and was reconciled to his fate He trusted in the Savior and felt as though he had done his duty and what was required of him to do in the defense of the Glorious flag of his country I thank the Lord that their lives were spared and they are in comfortable health in the hospital where he has every attention and care that he needs His leg was so badly mortified that he had to have it taken off He was very weak after it was taken off He thought he should get well but when he was moved to Service General

Hospital his nurse got him upon crutches He was so weak that he fell and hurt his back and struck the stump of his leg on the floor and hurt him so bad that pieces of the bone worked out The surgeon thinks it will get well He is gaining strength so he can walk the length of the ward which is about 60 feet He thinks he shall be able to come home in a month or two Henry has the command of the one hundredth company invalid corps stationed at Alexandria I will tell you about my boys that were in the one hundred fifty seventh Henry was in the battle of Chancelorville and never got a scratch They fell all around him but thank the Lord he did preserve him to serve his country still farther When Curtice had been in the army three months he was taken with the fever and carried to Mount Pleasant Hospital He was here until he was able to take care of sick and wounded soldiers for which he has the greatest faculty It appears to be his study to have patience with the poor fellows that are weak and nervous He says they must be humored He has been home once since he went into the army that was last Nov. He stayed but a few days The Hospital was filled with wounded soldiers The General in charge wanted him to come back to take care of them He is ward master of the fourth ward The surgeon says he cannot spare him He is my seventh son He is a noble boy He will encourage the poor fellows as long as there is hope When there is no chance for their recovery he will direct them to the Savior Now I will tell you about ALBERTUS He belongs to the 100 Ind. Volunteers Reg. He went from Memphis in June to reenforce Grant at Vicksburg He stayed there till they surrendered, then he went to Blackwater after Johnson; drove him to Jackson, Mississippi; burnt that place, the capital of Mississippi. They fought six days. He was not hurt; then he went back to Memphis and from there to Mission Ridge and Lookout Mountain It was there he had to fight again He said his division had to open the ball coming down into Lookout Valley where the rebels concentrated their force and threw themselves upon his division yelling like demons He saw his men fall like grass before the mowers scythe He said they stood like veterans The men fell on every side of them They drove Longstreet following him until some of the men's shoes gave out They had to wrap pieces of blankets around

their feet to keep them off the frozen ground This was in November. They had the coldest weather about that time they ever had in that country He went to Atlanta Gap He got the ball of his thumb shot off He had it done up and went about his duty He was guarding the railroad His headquarters were at Belfort in Alabama the last letter he wrote but I suppose he is not there now, but is with Sherman or Smith near Mobile The western troops have a great deal to do They are noble fellows I suppose you got Alvah's history from him when he was at your house He has been recruiting for the war Governor Seymour wrote a letter to him He got it Monday that he would give him a Colonel's Commission He has gone to Albany now His health is very good now I think he will go into the army again M. M. was drafted last July paid his three hundred—that is the same as if he went You will get tired of reading what I write I have such a numerous family and now my Brother I come to the description of my youngest boy which is 18 years old next April He started last Tuesday with his knapsack strapped on his back to take the cars for Almira to obey his country's call He went off with his heart beaming with patriotism He has enlisted in the heavy artillery which is stationed at Washington St. Jo County, Centerville I think the sign of the times is encouraging Our soldiers are going back as veterans which will make our armies flourish The Lord has given wisdom to our Secretary so he plans and makes our finances to meet the demand of our Government It is the Lord does this while the rebels cup of iniquity is full and they must be put down Let all go that can Our President presides over the nation with wisdom given him from God How he has prospered since he began We had but a few ships of war Our money was all stolen from the Treasury Now we have a full treasury between 5 and 600 vessels of war They have but 4 or 5 states that we have not got a foot hold upon We are all well ARETUS health is very good now never was better Emily is well Thinks we shall come and see Uncle George & Aunt Harriet next July My boys before they went to the war bought a home for their Father and Mother & secured it to us our life time They have provided provisions & a cow and money for our present use so we are provided for and they say to us when you want

let us know and you shall have what you need and now my Brother I thank the great giver of all blessings for his kind care of me and my family and hope with a lively hope of faith that my children may come home and be a comfort to their parents in their old age You will want to know where Alcander's children are They are in Cortland Village under the care of Merton The boys all help him If the Government does not furnish him what he wants they all send him that he may have all the little comforts he needs Give my love to all inquiring friends and accept the thanks of a loving sister for the present you sent me by A. D. Let the Lord be praised for the strength he gives me to sustain me under all these; with cheerful heart I submit and hope for the best Write soon

From your sister

CAROLINE WATERS

Letter of ARETUS A. WATERS to his daughter-in-law CYNTHIA, wife of ALBERTUS A. WATERS.

Cortland Village Aug. 17th,1863.

Dear Daughter

I seat myself to inform you what I know concerning your friends in this Country I suppose that you have heard of the misfortune of Alcander & Henry in the battle of Gettysburg but nevertheless I will give you a history of the affair Alcander had his right leg badly broken below the knee with a ball Lay on the field three days without food in the hands of rebels then retaken by our troops The battle was on the 1st day of July His wound was not dressed till the 6th then amputated above the knee He was reduced so low that his life has been dispaired of most of the time since till a few days past He is gaining strength We have great hopes of his recovery He has the best of care Henry was wounded at the same time in the right hand His middle finger taken off by a piece of a shell since amputated in the middle of his hand the other middle finger was badly broken the joints at the hand and knuckle both spoiled Fingers stiff to be taken off when the inflammation is out of wound Henry came home about three weeks He is at Cuyler his wife is sick of typhoid fever is getting better Henry's wound is

getting along finely He expects to return to the army in about a month Merton went to Gettysburg and stayed with Alcander about ten days Was taken sick came home Has been very sick ever since He is now getting better He has had the typhoid fever and the diphtheria We heard from Alvah a few days ago He was well He has been in twelve battles Had two horses shot under him Has not been hurt He has not slept in a tent or house in four months camped where night found him He is very healthy Curtice is at Mount Pleasant Hospital Is well He is steward of the hospital He has made arrangements with the medical director to send Alcander to be taken care of We have not got any word from Alcander relative to the children's property if he lives Likely he will be at home before August while then we will let you know The children are well and well cared for smart and bright About the time we received your letter I think in June Henry sent us a letter he received from Albertus He was at Vicksburg We haven't heard from him since We want to hear from you and him Please answer this and relieve our great anxiety We are all well except those spoken of but trembling with old age George is a clerk in a store in Cortland village

ARETUS WATERS

EIGHTH GENERATION

Alcander Septimius[8] Waters, son of ARETUS[7] and CAROLINE (LAW) WATERS, was born at Truxton, N. Y., 23 Dec., 1827, died 29 Dec., 1907; he married (1) 9 Jan., 1850, Martha A. Nodine, born in 1833, died in 1860, daughter of Henry Nodine of Litchfield, Conn., and sister of CYNTHIA NODINE, wife of Alcander's brother ALBERTUS WATERS. He married (2) 6 Oct., 1861, Esther Brown who died in 1866. He was a soldier in the Civil War and lost a leg in the Battle of Gettysburg. The children of Alcander Septimius and Martha (Nodine) Waters were:

1 Ella L.[9] Waters, b. 18 Jul., 1852, Truxton, N. Y., d. 6 Jan., 1853
2 Frances Euretta[9] Waters, b. 5 Mar., 1855, Truxton, N. Y., d. 16 Jan., 1926; m. 6 Oct., 1872, John Sharpe
3 Caroline[9] Waters, b. 30 Jul., 1857, Truxton, N. Y.; m. 23 Mar., 1882, Joseph Henry Graham, b. 23 May, 1858, Truxton, N. Y.
4 George Helwig[9] Waters, b. 22 Sept., 1860, Cortland, N. Y., d. 3 Oct., 1863

Mordaunt Merton[8] Waters, son of ARETUS[7] and CAROLINE (LAW) WATERS, born at Truxton, N. Y., Mar. 2, 1830, died Mar. 17, 1894; married Jan. 1, 1852, Elizabeth Beden.[40] Their children were:

1 Myra A.[9] Waters, b. Oct. 23, 1852, Fabius, N. Y., d. May 8, 1905; m. Dec. 25, 1873, Stratton S. Knox
2 Lillian E.[9] Waters, b. Feb. 6, 1854, Fabius, N. Y.; m. Aug. 17, 1876, Harry Greenman
3 Annie A.[9] Waters, b. Oct. 13, 1860, Cortland, N. Y.; m. June 9, 1881, Edward McMillan. Resides in North Adams, Mass.
4 Louis Lincoln[9] Waters, b. Dec. 29, 1864, Cortland, N. Y.; m. June 22, 1887, Cora May Rowley

ALBERTUS ARETUS[8] WATERS, son of Aretus[7] and Caroline (Law) Waters, born Mar. 18, 1832, in Truxton, N. Y., died Feb. 10, 1908, in Bartlett, Nebr. He married July 18, 1852, in Cortland, N. Y., CYNTHIA, daughter of Henry Nodine, born in Litchfield Co., Conn., May 1, 1832, died in Bartlett, Nebr., March 15, 1916. Henry, son of Benjamin Nodine, was born in Litchfield Co., Conn., in 1800.[40]

Soon after their marriage, ALBERTUS and CYNTHIA (NODINE) WATERS removed to Edgerton, O., for several years before they settled in Waterloo, Dekalb Co., Ind., where they resided on a farm.

Aug. 18, 1862, ALBERTUS[8] WATERS enlisted in the Civil War, serving in the Dekalb Co. Tigers, Co. A, 100th Regt., Ind. Volunteers. He was promoted to 2nd Lieut. Nov. 22, 1864.

In 1887 they removed with their family to Bartlett, Wheeler Co., Nebr., where they passed the remainder of their days.

The children of ALBERTUS A. and CYNTHIA (NODINE) WATERS were:[41]

1 Henry Law[9] Waters, b. Apr. 1, 1853, Truxton, N. Y., d. June 2, 1896; m. Apr. 1, 1874, Climera Treman
2 Elvena[9] Waters, b. May 29, 1857, Edgerton, O., d. Mar. 29, 1894; m. Mar. 18, 1877, Edward Kiplinger, b. June 8, 1854, Dekalb Co., Ind.
3 Zella[9] Waters, b. Nov. 14, 1860, Dekalb Co., Ind.; m. Nov. 14, 1877, Almon Ira Jennings, b. June 12, 1854, Dekalb Co., Ind.
4 Aretus Albertus[9] Waters, b. Mar. 21, 1866, Waterloo, Ind.; m. Bartlett, Nebr., Nov. 25, 1891, Mary M. Marlow, b. Apr. 7, 1867
5 Alta Etta[9] Waters, b. Oct. 31, 1868, Waterloo, Ind.; m. Sept. 2, 1893, Albert Dahl, b. Apr. 10, 1864, d. Apr. 1, 1926
6 GEORGE LELAND[9] WATERS, b. Aug. 8, 1870, Waterloo, Ind.; m. Aug. 8, 1896, IDA AUGUSTA PARSONS, b. July 10, 1875, Malcolm, Nebr.

Oscar[8] Waters, son of ARETUS and CAROLINE (LAW) WATERS, was born at Truxton, N. Y., 12 Oct., 1834, died 5 March, 1907; married 12 Oct., 1861, Kate Webster. They had one son:

Louis A.[9] Waters, b. 24 July, 1867, Centerville, Mich.

Orson[8] Waters, son of ARETUS and CAROLINE (LAW) WATERS, was born on "Morgan Hill," Truxton, Cortland Co., N. Y., 12 Oct., 1834, and died 9 Jan., 1912. He married (1) about 1860, Margaret Comerford, born....., daughter of William Comerford, of Truxton, N. Y. She died 20 Jul., 1872, and was buried at Truxton. He married (2) 22 Jan., 1879, Lucy (Bronson) Andrews, widow of Grant C. Andrews of Cuyler, N. Y., and daughter of Asher and Sophronia Bronson.[42]

The children of Orson and Margaret (Comerford) Waters were:[42]

1 Emily Amelia[9] Waters, b. 11 Nov., 1861, d. 15 June, 1877, Truxton, N. Y.
2 Sarah Ann[9] Waters, b. Aug. 31, 1863; m. 31 Dec., 1885, Alpheus Bar-

ber House of Cuyler, N. Y., b. 12 Jan., 1859, and still living at Cuyler, N. Y. She d. 5 Jan., 1918, at Cuyler, and is buried at Truxton, N. Y. They had one son:

Sherman A. House, b. 15 June, 1889, resides at Cuyler, N. Y.

3 George Henry[9] Waters, b. 3 Jul., 1869; m. about 1888, Jessie....., b. 17 May, 1868. They reside in Fabius, N. Y. Their children are:

I Anna Pearl[10] Waters, b. 7 Apr., 1890

II Margaret Arvilla[10] Waters, b. 19 Mar., 1891; m. 21 Sept., 1925, Daniel E. Clough. They reside at Johnson City, N. Y.

III Almeda C.[10] Waters, b. 29 Jul., 1893

IV Ralph Andrews[10], b. 10 Feb., 1897

V Leila Lovina[10] Waters, b. 27 Dec., 1898; m. 30 May, 1924, Emmett C. Penoyer. They reside at Johnson City, N. Y.

VI Glen Leal[10] Waters, b. 30 Apr., 1901

VII George Leslie[10] Waters, b. 15 Feb., 1905, d. 20 Feb., 1905, Truxton, N. Y.

VIII Rena Emogene[10] Waters, twin, b. 1 Jul., 1906

IX Lena Gladys[10] Waters, twin, b. 1 Jul., 1906, d. 18 Feb., 1908, Truxton, N. Y.

X Vivian Arlene[10] Waters, b. 20 Dec., 1910

All of the living who are unmarried reside with their parents at Fabius, N. Y.

The children of Orson and Lucy (Bronson) (Andrews) Waters were:[42]

4 Lena Lillian[9] Waters, b. 18 Jan., 1880; m. 27 Nov., 1907, William Sprague. They reside at Warner, N. Y. Their daughter:

Charlotte Irene[10] Sprague, b. 28 Mar., 1921

5 Ada Jane[9] Waters, b. 7 Jul., 1881; m. 14 Apr., 1904, Oliver Aaron Burke. They reside at DeWitt, N. Y. Their children are:

I Hilda Sophronia[10] Burke, b. Apr. 23, 1906

II Frances Lulu[10] Burke, b. 24 Feb., 1909

6 Lulu Neva[9] Waters, b. 25 Apr., 1883; m. 23 Apr., 1913, George Bentley Thompson who d. 18 Oct., 1922. She resides at DeWitt, N. Y.

7 David Curtis[9] Waters, b. 24 Feb., 1885; m. 22 Jun., 1915, Louise Ruth Delamater. They reside at DeWitt, N. Y.

8 Levi Orson[9] Waters, b. 14 Oct., 1886; m. 3 Aug., 1910, Mary Isabell McGraw, and they have the following children, all residing at DeWitt, N. Y.:

I Robert Orson[10] Waters, b. 20 Mar., 1914

II Arlene Alice[10] Waters, b. 3 Jul., 1916

III David Curtis[10] Waters, b. 8 May, 1918

IV Lucy Emogene[10] Waters, b. 2 Feb., 1922

V George Milton[10] Waters, b. 22 Dec., 1925

9 Moses Milton[9] Waters, b. 26 Sept., 1888; m. 12 Mar., 1912, Kittie Ackerman. They reside at DeWitt, N. Y.

Alvah Darling[8] Waters, son of ARETUS and CAROLINE (LAW) WATERS, was born at Truxton, N. Y., 12 Jul., 1837, died 21 Apr., 1870; married April, 1868, Helen Curtis. No children.

Henry Dennison[8] Waters, son of ARETUS and CAROLINE (LAW) WATERS, was born at Truxton, N. Y., 14 Sept., 1839, died 17 Jul., 1912. He married (1) Aug. 30, 1862, Clara M. Griswold; m. (2) 21 Mar., 1871, Ellen Gibbs.[49]

The children of Henry Dennison and Clara (Griswold) Waters were:

1 Fred[9] Waters, d. in infancy
2 Arthur A.[9] Waters, twin, b. 6 Nov., 1867, Cuyler, N. Y., d. 1875
3 Arlone Clara[9] Waters, twin, b. 6 Nov., 1867, Cuyler, N. Y., d. 23 Mar., 1905
4 Alvah D.[9] Waters, b. 25 Aug., 1869, Cuyler, N. Y.; m. 23 Dec., 1893, Nettie Robbins

The children of Henry Dennison and Ellen (Gibbs) Waters were:

5 James Henry[9] Waters, b. 3 Jul., 1872, Cuyler, N. Y.; m. 22 Dec., 1897, Jessie Davenport. Their children were:
    I Charles Henry[10] Waters, b. 27 Dec., 1898; m. 10 June, 1922, Gladys Briddon. Their children are:
        a Albert Briddon[11] Waters, b. 31 Jul., 1924
        b Shirley Jean[11] Waters, b. 5 Dec., 1927
    II Ellen Arlone[10] Waters, b. 16 Oct., 1902
6 Fred Merton[9] Waters, b. 23 June, 1874, Cuyler, N. Y., d. 23 May, 1900
7 Ernest Oscar[9] Waters, b. 27 Apr., 1877, Cuyler, N. Y., d. 10 Aug., 1907
8 Arthur Aretus[9] Waters, b. 15 Jan., 1879, Cuyler, N. Y., d. 3 Sept., 1908; m. 29 Oct., 1903, Mabel Doty
9 Charles Gibbs[9] Waters, b. 8 Jan., 1883; m. 16 Oct., 1907, Elsie Mae Whitmarsh, who d. 24 Nov., 1926

David Curtice[8] Waters, son of ARETUS and CAROLINE (LAW) WATERS, was born at Truxton, N. Y., 26 Apr., 1842, died 10 Sept., 1915. He married 31 Oct., 1868, Sue Brown.[49] Their children were:

1 Nellie[9] Waters, b. at Scott, N. Y.
2 Emily B.[9] Waters, b. at Arnot, Pa.
3 John[9] Waters, b. at Arnot, Pa.
4 George M.[9] Waters, b. at Arnot, Pa.

George W. Law[8] Waters, son of ARETUS and CAROLINE (LAW) WATERS, was born at Truxton, N. Y., 21 April, 1845;

he married 5 Sept., 1870, Helen M. Willett. No record of children.[40]

Emily Amelia[8] Waters, daughter of ARETUS and CAROLINE (LAW) WATERS, was born at Truxton, N. Y., Oct. 6, 1849. She married May 31, 1871, James H. Blanchard who was born Aug. 26, 1849. They reside in Sunbury, Pa.[41]

They have son:

1 Jesse[9] Blanchard, b. May 20, 1873, Cortland, N. Y.; m. (1) July 19, 1893, Josephine Hoffman who d. July 1, 1909; m. (2) July 13, 1913, Mrs. Ida (Guyer) Bruner of Sunbury, Pa.

Child of Jesse[9] and Josephine (Hoffman) Blanchard:

Gertrude[10] Blanchard, b. Feb. 1, 1894; m. Mar. 31, 1917, Robert Zerfing. Their daughter:

Janet[11] Zerfing, b. May 13, 1918

NINTH AND TENTH GENERATIONS

Caroline[9] Waters, daughter of Alcander S. and Martha (Nodine) Waters, was born 30 July, 1857, at Truxton, N. Y.; married 23 March, 1882, Joseph Henry Graham, born 23 May, 1858, at Truxton, N. Y. Their children were:

1 Jesse Lewis[10] Graham, teacher, b. 14 Sept., 1883; m. 5 Nov., 1919, Ida Freeman
2 Alta Amy[10] Graham, b. 21 Feb., 1886; m. Glenn Reese Wood, b. 30 Dec., 1885; they have one son:
Kenneth Louis[11] Wood, b. 20 Jul., 1907, Cortlandville, N. Y.
3 Elizabeth[10] Graham, b. 14 Mar., 1885, d. 26 Mar., 1894
4 Merton William[10] Graham, b. 26 Jul., 1894, d. 20 Oct., 1918, of influenza; m. 9 Apr., 1917, Vada Dalton
5 Ruth Alice[10] Graham, b. 21 May, 1892, d. 9 Oct., 1918, of influenza; m. 1 Jan., 1910, Charles Eaton; their daughter:
Elizabeth Caroline[11] Eaton, b. 14 June, 1916, d. same day
6 Joseph Henry[10] Graham, b. 18 Feb., 1896; m. 12 June, 1916, Mary Louise Stewart. Their children are:
I Catharine Caroline[11] Graham, b. 10 Apr., 1917
II Stewart Henry[11] Graham, b. 25 Apr., 1919
7 Arthur Waters[10] Graham, b. 2 Oct., 1897; m. 18 Sept., 1918, Catharine Stewart. Their children are:
1 Edmund Burr[11] Graham, b. 1 Sept., 1919
II Helen Ruth[11] Graham, b. 15 May, 1923
III Donald Arthur[11] Graham, b. 16 June, 1925
8 David Curtice[10] Graham, b. 16 Nov., 1900

Henry Law[9] Waters, son of ALBERTUS A. and CYNTHIA (NODINE) WATERS, was born in Cortland Co., N. Y., Apr. 1, 1853, and died June 2, 1896. He married Apr. 1, 1874, Climera Treman. They had no children.[41]

Elvena[9] Waters, daughter of ALBERTUS A. and CYNTHIA (NODINE) WATERS, was born at Edgerton, Ohio, May 29, 1857, and died Mar. 29, 1894; married Mar. 18, 1877, Edward Kiplinger, born June 8, 1854, in Dekalb Co., Ind. Their children were:

1 George Albertus[10] Kiplinger, b. Jul., 28, 1878, Waterloo, Ind.; m. (1) Oct. 19, 1904, Ida Blanche Rowland, daughter of Reynolds M. Rowland, who was b. Oct. 27, 1847, in Stark Co., O., d. Jan. 8, 1923, and wife Sarah Ann McDaniel, b. Jan. 29, 1852, d. Oct. 26, 1923
The children of George A.[10] Kiplinger and Ida (Rowland) are:
I Gerald Rowland[11] Kiplinger, b. Dec. 1, 1905
II Ruby Mae[11] Kiplinger, b. Oct. 10, 1909, d. Sept., 1910

III Rete Edward[11] Kiplinger, b. Dec. 13, 1913

2 Carlton Munroe[10] Kiplinger, b. Nov. 3, 1882, Waterloo, Ind.; m. May 29, 1912, Fannie Rosetta Hughes, b. Mar. 26, 1885, Litchfield, Nebr. Their children are:

I Mary Delia[11] Kiplinger, b. May 18, 1918, Mason City, Nebr.

II Lois Pauline[11] Kiplinger, b. Mar. 21, 1920, Ericson, Nebr.

III Anna Rosetta[11] Kiplinger, b. Feb. 12, 1924, Ravenna, Nebr.

IV Adah Damaris[11] Kiplinger, b. Oct. 28, 1926, Merna, Nebr.

3 Benjamin Aretus[10] Kiplinger, b. May 20, 1890; m. (1) June 20, 1911, Lora Leona Merritt, b. Jul. 10, 1887, d. Feb. 11, 1918; m. (2) June 25, 1919, Katherine Hazel Diehl

The children of Benj. Aretus[10] and Lora L. (Merritt) Kiplinger are:

I Georgia[11] Kiplinger, b. Nov. 29, 1913, Brown Co., Nebr.

II Merritt[11] Kiplinger, b. Feb. 11, 1918, d. Mar. 13, 1919

The children of Benj. Aretus[10] and Katherine (Diehl) Kiplinger are:

III Milo Elwin[11] Kiplinger, b. Sept. 29, 1920, Wheatridge,[41] Colo.

IV John Edward[11] Kiplinger, b. Mar. 7, 1925

Zella[9] Waters, daughter of ALBERTUS and CYNTHIA (NODINE) WATERS, was born Nov. 14, 1860, in Dekalb Co., Ind., and married Nov. 14, 1877, Almon Ira Jennings, born June 12, 1854, in Dekalb Co., Ind. Their children:[41]

1 Lola M.[10] Jennings, b. Feb. 14, 1880, Dekalb Co., Ind.; m. May 2, 1900, John Robert Slone, b. Nov. 23, 1871, Warren Co., Ia., d. Oct. 8, 1926, accidentally shot. Their children:

I Audrey Josie[11] Slone, b. Mar. 29, 1901, Albion, Nebr.

II Zella Kizzie[11] Slone, b. May 5, 1902; m. May 10, 1924, Leon Harvey, b. Jan. 22, 1901, Rockfalls, Ill. Their children:

a Daniel Slone[12] Harvey, b. Apr. 12, 1925

b Lola Annie[12] Harvey, b. June 18, 1926

c Ellery H.[12] Harvey

III John Jennings[11] Slone, b. Sept. 17, 1912, Erickson, Nebr.

IV Thos. Irwin[11] Slone, b. Jan. 27, 1914, Erickson, Nebr., d. 10 Dec., 1928, Lincoln, Neb.

V Lola Jeanette[11] Slone, b. Sept. 28, 1915, Ericson, Nebr.

VI Keith Leroy[11] Slone, b. Jan. 30, 1918, Ericson, Nebr.

VII George Ivan[11] Slone, b. Aug. 4, 1922

2 Cynthia Winona[10] Jennings, b. Dec. 3, 1888, Bartlett, Nebr.; m. Dec. 20, 1911, Bartlett, Nebr., Jack Berney, b. Mar. 22, 1871, Sheffield, Ill. Their children:

I Dallas Ray[11] Berney, b. Sept. 27, 1912, Bartlett, Nebr.

II Elberta Florice[11] Berney, b. July 16, 1916, Bartlett, Nebr.
III Noel Clare[11] Berney, b. Feb. 23, 1921, Bartlett, Nebr.

3 Bert Blaine[10] Jennings, b. Sept. 13, 1891, Bartlett, Nebr.; m. Jan. 8, 1919, Cheyenne, Wyo., Sarah Amy Clarke, b. Dec. 10, 1891. Their children:
I Bert Blaine Jr.[11] Jennings, b. Sept. 7, 1920, Sheridan Lake, Wyo.
II Lynn Logan[11] Jennings, b. Jan. 17, 1922, Bartlett, Nebr.
III Rex Raymond[11] Jennings, b. Oct. 12, 1923, d. Aug. 18, 1926, Boone, Nebr.
IV Amy Elaine[11] Jennings, b. Mar. 4, 1926, Boone, Nebr.

Aretus Albertus[9] Waters, son of ALBERTUS ARETUS[8] and CYNTHIA (NODINE) WATERS, was born Mar. 21, 1866, at Waterloo, Ind., married Nov. 25, 1891, at Bartlett, Nebr., Mary M. Marlow, born Apr. 7, 1867, daughter of Wm. C. Marlow, who was born Mar. 2, 1831, in Guernsey Co., O., died Aug. 22, 1906, Burwell, Nebr. He married Zarilda Davis, born May 3, 1838, Meigs Co., O., died June 4, 1907, Burwell, Nebr.[41] They have two adopted children:

1 Ivan B. Waters, b. Nov. 22, 1903
2 Iva B. Waters, b. Nov. 22, 1903, twins

Alta Etta[9] Waters, daughter of ALBERTUS A.[8] and CYNTHIA (NODINE) WATERS, born Oct. 31, 1868, in Waterloo, Ind., married Sept. 2, 1893, Albert Dahl, born Apr. 10, 1864, died Apr. 1, 1926. They had children:[41]

1 Uldrikka[10] Dahl, b. June 13, 1894, Ericson, Nebr.; m. Jan. 16, 1917, Lincoln, Nebr., Carl Schmidt, b. Feb. 5, 1881, Schonberg, Holstein, Germany. Their children are:
I Carl Jr.[11] Schmidt, b. Dec. 22, 1918, d. Sept. 6, 1922, Rushville, Nebr.
II Willis[11] Schmidt, b. Aug. 13, 1921, Rushville, Nebr.
III Edward[11] Schmidt, b. Jan. 19, 1924, Jerome, Ariz.
2 Zella[10] Dahl, b. July 20, 1896, Ericson, Nebr.; teacher in Public Schools of Cheyenne, Wyo.
3 Elsie[10] Dahl, b. Aug. 6, 1897, d. Sept. 18, 1898, Ericson, Nebr.
4 Genevieve Doris[10] Dahl, b. Nov. 20, 1900, d. Aug. 4, 1917, Neligh, Nebr.
5 Albert Waters[10] Dahl, b. June 2, 1908, Ewing, Nebr.

GEORGE LELAND[9] WATERS, son of Albertus Aretus[8] and Cynthia (Nodine) Waters, was born in Waterloo, Ind., Aug. 8, 1870. He married Aug. 8, 1896, IDA AUGUSTA PARSONS, daughter of Edwin Ruthven and Flavia Augusta (Gran-

ger) Parsons, born in Malcolm, Nebr., July 10, 1875. They reside in Lincoln, Nebr., where MR. WATERS is President of the National Accident Insurance Co..

The children of GEORGE L. and IDA (PARSONS) WATERS, are:

1 LELAND LESLIE[10] WATERS, b. May 9, 1898, Lincoln, Nebr., m. in Lincoln, Oct. 7, 1922, MARIAN LOUISE YUNGBLUT, born June 2, 1899, dau. of Jacob Yungblut, b. Marietta, O., Mar. 15, 1863, d. Lincoln, Nebr., Nov. 1, 1925; m. Aug. 15, 1886, Marian Jane Logan, b. Aug. 15, 1865, d. Lincoln, Nebr., Oct. 13, 1923. LELAND L. WATERS enlisted in Aviation in the World War, Nov., 1917. Received commission of 2nd Lieut. May 8, 1918. Discharged Jan. 12, 1919. LELAND L. and MARIAN (YUNGBLUT) WATERS have children:
   1 James Logan[11] Waters, b. Oct. 7, 1925, Lincoln, Nebr.
   2 Marian Jane[11] Waters, b. Oct. 5, 1927, Lincoln, Nebr.

2 Flavia Mary[10] Waters, b. Apr. 3, 1902, Lincoln, Nebr., m. Dec. 27, 1924 John Leland Champe, son of Owen and Nina (Trobee) Champe, b. Apr. 27, 1895 in Elwood, Nebr.
John Leland Champe served in the World War, enlisting May 8, 1917, in the 36th U. S. Infantry at Fort Snelling, Minn. He received the commission of 2nd Lieut. Nov. 27, 1917, and of 1st Lieut. Aug. 20, 1918; discharged Aug. 4, 1919.
Owen Edgar Champe, father of John Leland Champe, was born in Versailles, Ill., Mar. 25, 1868; he married Apr. 12, 1893, in Elwood, Nebr., Nina May Trobee, born in Mt. Pleasant, Ia., Dec. 31, 1872.

References for WATERS Line:

1 Genealogical Gleanings in England, Henry F. Waters; New England Register, Vol. 51, pp. 406 and 407
2 Essex Institute Historical Collections, Vol. 4, p. 95
3 Essex Institute Historical Collections, Vol. 17, pp. 121 and 123
4 Records of Essex Co., Mass., Quarterly Courts, Vol. 6, pp. 382 and 383
5 Family Record of Lansing Waters of Lowville, N. Y.; Lewis Historical Publishing Co., New York
6 Essex Inst. Hist. Coll., Salem Quarterly Court Files; Vol. 6, p. 237
7 Topsfield, Mass. Vital Records, p. 255
8 Topsfield, Mass. Vital Records, pp. 188 and 196
9 Essex Inst. Hist. Coll., Vol. 33, p. 196
10 Ipswich Deeds, Vol. 4, pp. 167 and 225
11 Topsfield Town Records, 1659-1739, Topsfield Historical Society, 1917, Vol. 1, p. 37
12 Topsfield Town Records, Vol. 1, p. 36
13 Essex Co. Quarterly Court Records, Vol. 5, p. 2
14 Essex Co. Quarterly Court Records, Vol. 5, pp. 21 and 22

15 Topsfield, Mass., Town Records, Vol. 1, p. 112
16 Topsfield, Mass., Vital Records, p. 108
17 Hebron, Conn., Vital Records, Vol. 1, p. 36
18 Grave stone Inscription of ENSIGN SAMUEL WATERS, Hebron, Conn.
19 Sterling Genealogy, Albert M. Sterling, 1909, pp. 261 and 262; also Haverhill, Mass., Vital Records
20 Historical Notes Relating to Hebron, Conn., p. 3; Typewritten Mss. in Conn. State Library, Hartford, Conn.
21 Hebron, Conn., Town Records
22 Hebron Statistics, Civil, Ecclesiastical, Ancient and Modern, p. 2; Hon. Sylvester Gilbert, 1828
23 Colonial Records of Connecticut, 1717-1725, p. 330
24 Early Connecticut Probate Records, Charles W. Manwaring, 1906; Vol. 3, pp. 50 and 107
25 Will of Samuel Waters of Hebron, Conn., 1742; No. 3123, Probate Dept., State Library, Hartford, Conn.
26 Hebron, Conn., Vital Records, Vol. 1, pp. 9:18:36:38:69:78; Vol. 2, p. 122
27 Memorial History of Hartford, Conn., Vol. 2, pp. 268 and 273
28 Hebron, Conn., Vital Records, Vol. 1, pp. 9:14:17:22:23:29:33; Vol. 2, p. 122
29 Colonial Records of Conn., Vol. 11, p. 596; Vol. 12, p. 161; Vol. 13, pp. 13 and 434
30 Connecticut Historical Society Collections, Vol. 1, p. 258
31 "Connecticut Men in the Revolution," Hartford, 1889, p. 391
32 Hebron, Conn., Vital Records, Vol. 2, pp. 122:257-8-9
33 "Hills Family of America," Wm. S. and Thos. Hills, 1906, pp. 37:71:74
34 Hebron, Conn., Vital Records, Vol. 2, pp. 123:258:262
35 Glastonbury, Conn., Town Book of Records, Marriages, Births and Deaths, Book 2, p. 15
36 Annals of Oneida Co., N. Y., Pomroy Jones, 1851, p. 741
37 Hebron, Conn., Vital Records, Vol. 2, pp. 124:125:317
38 Family Record of Louis L. Waters, Syracuse, N. Y.
39 Family Record of Mrs. Glen R. Wood, R. F. D. 5, Cortland, N. Y.
40 Records of Law Family Association, Wm. C. Law, Secretary, Bartlett, N. Y.
41 Family Records
42 Family Records of David Curtis Waters, DeWitt, N. Y.

BIGGE-BIGGS

ROBERT BIGGE of Benenden, who died 1547-8, between 13 Jan. and 2 June, married ELIZABETH ....., who survived him, and left 8 children, 7 under age.

1 Walter Bigge
2 Richard b. after 1530
3 Thomas b. after 1530
4 John b. after 1530
5 Elizabeth b. after 1530
6 Dorothe b. after 1530
7 Ellonor b. after 1530
8 ALYCE b. after 1530, youngest daughter, and perhaps youngest child; married THOMAS TILDEN

See TILDEN.

Reference:

Genealogical Research in England, Transcribed by Miss Elizabeth French; New England Register, Vol. 66, p. 60.

CARRIER

SARAH CARRIER, who married STALLWORTHY[4] WATERS at Hebron, Conn., 27 Oct., 1727, was without doubt of the family of Thomas[1] Carrier, "alias Morgan," of Andover, Mass., and Colchester, Conn., perhaps daughter of his son Thomas[2] Carrier who married Susanna Johnson at Andover, Mass., 19 June, 1705, and removed to Colchester where he died in 1740.

The story of the trials and vicissitudes of this family, as related in Savage, Taintor's Colchester, the histories of Billerica, Mass., etc., is one of intense interest and pathos.

THOMAS[1] CARRIER, emigrant, was called a "Welchman," and bore the alias of "Morgan" in the public records, though the reason for this has not been discovered. It is probable that his rightful name was CARRIER, although he was called "Morgan" by his neighbors. He was born in Wales as early as 1630. The History of Billerica records that he was in that town in 1674, but there is a record at Andover of the birth of his son Richard at that place, 17 July, 1674. He may have moved back and forth between Billerica and Andover several times, as he was "warned out" of Billerica 23 June, 1676. These warnings were given to all newcomers in the colonial towns, and the settlers gave no attention to them, and were expected to give none. The warnings were given to protect the inhabitants against future responsibilities.

"THOMAS CARRIER, alias Morgan, Welshman," "with his man John Levistone," was assigned in Nov., 1677, to cut brush in the south east part of town. With 24 other inhabitants of Billerica, he took the oath of fidelity 4 Feb., 1677-8. His residence afterwards was in North Billerica, west of the road to "Winthrop's farm" and next to John Rogers. The birth of his son Andrew is recorded at Andover in 1677.

He also received the usual warning at Andover in 1690; when his family was smitten by small-pox, the selectmen of Andover, where he was then living, notified his friends that the town was not responsible for his aid, "for they took care when they first came to warn them out."

The CARRIERS found the Puritans of Massachusetts unfriendly, uncharitable, and eventually hostile, and the wife

and mother was accused of witchcraft in the Great Delusion. She was tried, condemned and executed 19 Aug., 1692. Her case was one of the most famous and disgraceful among those who were persecuted in those terrible times. She was hanged at the same time as Rev. George Burroughs. Her bearing at her trial was marked by courage and fortitude. The testimony of her daughter Sarah, aged about 8 years, was used against her, and her son Richard Carrier, born in Billerica 16 July, 1674, testified against Rev. Burroughs. Capt. Danforth, John Rogers and other former neighbors of the family in Billerica declined to testify.

After the Delusion had passed, in 1710, THOMAS CARRIER appealed to the authorities for reimbursement for the expenses he had incurred during the imprisonment and trial of his wife MARTHA. He had paid fifty shillings, and the prison fees to the Keeper for his wife and four children, £4.16.00. He humbly requested that the "Attainder may be taken off," and that he be paid the loss sustained. He adds: "I found my wife and children provisions during their imprisonment."

He married, 7 May, 1674, MARTHA, daughter of Andrew and Faith Allen of Andover, and sister of Roger Toothaker's wife. Several of the family died of small-pox in 1692.

About that time he removed with the remainder of his family to Colchester, Conn., where he apparently lived in peace the remainder of his days.

The following from the records of Colchester gives the interesting tradition concerning the life of THOMAS CARRIER:

"THOMAS CARRIER had belonged to the body guard of Charles 1st of Great Britian, and was notorious for his fleetness of foot, even after he was 100 years old. It is said that he killed the King of England. If so, he must have been the executioner of Charles 1st, A. D., 1648.

It is said by his descendants that he was 113 years of age at the time of his death in 1735. He used to walk from Colchester to Glastonbury, carrying a sack of corn on his shoulders, to be ground, walking very fast and stopping but once for the whole distance of 18 miles."

He died at Colchester, 16 May, 1735. Traditions differ as to his age. Savage, who investigated so many of the tales of great age, quotes the "New England Journal" which said,

shortly after his death, that he was 109 years old, and that he was not grey or bald, walked erectly, and shortly before his death walked 6 miles, and that he left five children, thirty-nine grand children and thirty-eight great-grandchildren, and Savage admits that in this case "The exaggeration may not be more than 10 or 15 years."

If he were 109 at his death, he married at the age of 48 years. Possibly he may have been married before in England or Wales.

The tradition that he served in the Royal Army may have been the reason for the hostile treatment he received in Massachusetts. If he did serve in the Royal Army the story that he was the King's executioner is discredited.

The children of THOMAS[1] and MARTHA (ALLEN) CARRIER were:

1 Richard[2] Carrier, b. 17 July, 1674, Andover, d. at Colchester, Conn.
2 Andrew[2] Carrier, b. 7 May, 1677, Andover, m. Mary Adams, 1704
3 Thomas[2] Carrier, b. 18 June, 1682, Billerica, m. 1705 at Andover, Susanna Johnson; d. at Colchester, Conn., in 1740
4 Sarah[2], b. 17 Nov., 1684, witness against her mother; m. John Chapman, Colchester
5 Hannah[2], b. 12 July, 1689
Others, who died, it is said of smallpox, 1692

THOMAS[1] and his son Thomas[2] Carrier were members of the 1st Church in Colchester when it was organized 20 Sept., 1732, with Rev. Ephraim Little, Pastor.

See WATERS, STALLWORTHY[4]

References:

Historical Memoir of Billerica, Mass., John Farmer, 1816, p. 33
History of Billerica, Mass., Rev. H. A. Hazen, 1883, pp. 22-3
Upham's "Salem Witchcraft," vol. 2, pp. 145 and 208
Records of Colchester, Michael Taintor, 1864, pp. 7, 104, 5
Colchester First Church Records, beginning 1732, pp. 3 and 30
Billerica and Andover Vital Records
New England Families, Genealogical and Memorial, Wm. R. Cutter, 1913, vol. 2, pp. 507-8

CURTIS—CURTICE

BENJAMIN CURTIS, of Hebron, Conn., (perhaps son of Joseph and Patience Curtis, who was born at Hebron, Jan. 31, 1718-19,) married at Glastonbury, Conn., June 23, 1763, EUNICE BIDWELL who died before 13 June, 1793, as on that date BENJAMIN signed an agreement with Widow Hannah Hodge of Glastonbury, Conn., "in view of their approaching marriage." This jointure was recorded at Colchester, Conn., 8 Mar., 1794.[2]

The exact date of the marriage of BENJAMIN CURTIS and his second wife, Hannah Hodge, is not known, but it occured before 25 Dec., 1793, as in his will bearing that date she is mentioned as his wife.

He was of Hebron when he died. His will, dated 25 Dec., 1793, was approved June 3, 1794, by Isaac Spencer, Justice of the Peace. It mentions wife Hannah; sons Benjamin, John, Nathaniel and George, and daughter EUNICE wife of DAVID WATERS, and names DAVID WATERS to be sole executor.

The will was witnessed by Daniel Judd, Jr., Sarah Miner and George Curtice. The inventory of his estate amounted to £337.22.21.

In the distribution of the estate son Joseph is called oldest son.[3]

The children of BENJAMIN and EUNICE (BIDWELL) CURTIS were:[1]

1 Joseph Curtis, b. 29 Sept., 1764, Hebron, Conn.
2 EUNICE CURTIS, b. 3 Nov., 1767, m. DAVID WATERS, Feb. 1, 1787
3 John Curtis, b. 3 May, 1769, Hebron, Conn.
4 Nathaniel Curtis, b. 30 Sept., 1773, Hebron, Conn.
5 Benjamin Curtis, mentioned in father's will, but not in Hebron records
6 George Curtis, mentioned in father's will, but not in the Rebron records

See WATERS, DAVID[6]

References:

1 Hebron, Conn., Vital Records, vol. 1, p. 3; vol. 2, pp. 12 and 157
2 Colchester Records, Book 13, p. 52
3 Will of BENJAMIN CURTIS, Hebron, 1794, Probate Dept., State Library, Hartford, Conn.

DATON—DAYTON

Although no other proof of the parentage of ABIGAIL DAYTON who married STALLWORTHY WATERS JR. has been found, the following will discloses her identity as the daughter of Henry and Abigail Dayton of Brookhaven, L. I.

Abstract of the will of Henry Dayton, Yeoman, of Brookhaven, L. I. Dated 7 Oct., 1759.[1]

Mentions wife ABAIGAIL; To my eldest son Henry "all that farm or Land in New England that he now lives on;" second son Norton; son David; son Abraham; oldest daughter ABIGAIL SALTERS or SATTERS; daughter Catherine.

Executors Col. William Smith, Timothy Norton, wife ABIGAIL and sons Norton, David and Abraham.

Witnesses: William Oatman, Henry Junery, Robert Morss.

Proved Mar. 16, 1762. V. 23, p. 290

The above is undoubtedly the will of ABIGAIL (DAYTON) WATERS' father. The "farm or Land in New England" which his "eldest son Henry now lives on" was situated in Colchester, Conn., adjoining Hebron, the home of ABIGAIL (DAYTON) and STALLWORTHY WATERS JR. Henry Dayton Jr. resided upon this land and died at Colchester in 1803, as proved by his will filed in the Probate Dept. of the State Library, Hartford, Conn.[2]

"Eldest daughter ABIGAIL SALTERS or SATTERS" should read—"Eldest daughter ABIGAIL WATERS or WALTERS or WATTERS," as the name was frequently written at that time.

The spelling and penmanship of many of the wills of that period, as well as of an earlier and a later period, are so irregular, careless and even grotesque as to be scarcely legible in many cases, and the error in name is probably due to the inability of the transcriber to properly decipher it.

Six months before HENRY DAYTON made his will, the Vital Records of Hebron, Conn., record the marriage of STALLWORTHY WATERS of Hebron and ABIGAIL DAYTON of Brookhaven, L. I.—Apr. 8, 1759.[3]

As further proof of a relationship between these two families, it should be noted that of the eight children born to STALLWORTHY and ABIGAIL (DAYTON) WATERS, four of them—Abigail, Catherine, David and Norton, bore the same

names as four of the children of HENRY DAYTON, named in the above will.

ABIGAIL (DAYTON) WATERS' first two children were daughters, and she named them Abigail, for her mother Abigail Dayton and herself, and Catherine for her sister Catherine; her sons DAVID and Norton were named for her brothers David and Norton. (See the list of children of STALLWORTHY and ABIGAIL (DAYTON) Waters.)

A circumstance of significance is the fact that HENRY DAYTON named his second son Norton, and appointed one Timothy Norton to be one of the executors of his estate. It seems probable that Norton was ABIGAIL DAYTON'S surname before her marriage to HENRY DAYTON, and that Timothy Norton was a relative, perhaps her father, or brother.

The children of HENRY and ABIGAIL DAYTON, as named in his will, were:

1 Henry Dayton Jr., called eldest son in his father's will
2 Norton Dayton, called second son in his father's will
3 David Dayton
4 Abraham Dayton
5 ABAGAIL DAYTON, called eldest daughter in her father's will; married Apr. 8, 1759, STALLWORTHY WATERS JR.
6 Catherine Dayton

See WATERS, STALLWORTHY[5]

References:

1 Will of Henry Dayton of Brookhaven, L. I., 7 Oct., 1759, New York Genealogical and Biographical Record, vol 12, p. 48
2 Will of Henry Dayton Jr., Colchester, Conn., 1803. Probate Dept. Conn. State Library, Hartford, Conn.
3 Hebron, Conn., V. R., vol. 2, p. 122

DRAPER

ROGER[1] DRAPER, Concord, freeman 14 Mar., 1639, had Adam and LYDIA; the latter married JOHN LAW. She was born 11 Nov., 1641. In the custom house records sent from Ipswich to London, of passengers in the ship Francis, thence to Boston 1634, appears one with the strange name, Clear Drap, ae. 30, of whom we may safely judge the surname abbreviated for Draper, but the baptismal name is beyond conjecture.

See LAW.

Reference:
Savage's Genealogical Dictionary, Vol. 2, p. 72.

HUCKSTEP

"From the foregoing wills and entries it appears that STEPHEN HUCKSTEP of Tenterden, who was buried 20 June, 1633, married 14 Feb., 1584-5 WINIFRED (HATCH) WILLS, widow of Richard Wills and sister of John Hatch, the testator of 1628.

Of their children, John Huckstep was the testator of 1630, and LYDIA HUCKSTEP, baptized 11 Feb., 1587-8, was married about 1606 to NATHANIEL TILDEN, emigrating with him and their children to New England 1635."

See TILDEN.

Reference:

Genealogical Research in England, Transcribed by Miss Elizabeth French; New England Register, Vol. 67, p. 48.

LANGRELL

The name LANGRELL is found in early New England history with varied forms of spelling, as Langwill, Langerle, Landrell, Langnell, Langarele, Landrel and Sangerele, all applying to one immigrant ancestor, JOSEPH LANGRELL of Plymouth and Duxbury, Mass., and Lebanon, Conn.

It is infrequently noted in the early records, and so far as is known JOSEPH LANGRELL is the ancestor of all who bear the name; but his parentage, the date and place of his birth and the place from whence he came to New England have not been found.

JOSEPH[1] LANGRELL, weaver, was a resident of Plymouth, Mass., as early as 1721, where on the 17th day of February of that year he was published to MARY THOMAS of Duxbury, Mass.,[1] and they were married by Rev. Thomas Little six weeks later, April 5, 1722 (Old Style reckoning).[2] His wife was a daughter of James and Mary (Tilden) Thomas of Duxbury, Mass., born there 17 Sept., 1693.[3] He married (2) after March 7, 1765, Dorothy (Otis), born April 16, 1721, died October 20, 1794, double widow of Asahel Bigelow and Isaac Day, both of Colchester.[5]

A short time after his first marriage, 26 Apr., 1722, JOSEPH LANGRELL purchased of Robert Cushman of Plymouth his house-lot in the township of Plymouth, by the Great Gutter.[4] He did not remain long in Plymouth, however, for 13 Dec., 1723, he sold this property to Joseph Lewen, mariner, of Plymouth,[4] and removed to Duxbury, Mass., where he resided during the next six years and became owner of several parcels of land. Here his first purchase of land was deeded to him by Thomas Prince of Duxbury 17 June, 1724, consisting of 40 acres of land lying in Duxbury, which was probably his home.[4]

22 June, 1728, Ezekiel Thomas, husbandman, sold to JOSEPH LANGRELL, weaver, of Duxbury, land which he received in the division of the estate of his father James Thomas late of Duxbury, deceased. In this deed are mentioned Ezekiel's grandfather John Thomas, Deacon Israel Thomas, brother James Thomas and brother Peleg Thomas deceased.[4]

Ezekiel Thomas, the grantor, was a brother of JOSEPH

LANGRELL'S wife MARY THOMAS.

8 Mar., 1729, "James Thomas of Duxbury, Ebenezer Thomas of Norwich in the Colony of Conn., and Wrestling Brewster of Kingston and Hannah his wife in the Colony of Plymouth in the Province of Massachusetts Bay in New England, Cordwainer, sell to JOSEPH LANGRELL of Duxbury, Weaver, a certain parcel of salt meadow in the township of Marshfield, ¾ of an acre more or less. It lieth near a place called ye Hither Point it being ye one half of ye meadow that was settled on our brother Peleg Thomas decd.'"

Acknowledged before Edward Arnold, Justice
March 18, 1728-9.

In 1729 "John Alden of Duxbury, Plymouth Co Province of Mass. Bay in New England, yeoman, sells to JOSEPH LANGRELL of Duxboro, Co of Plymouth, etc, ½ of a certain lot of land in Duxbury which was laid out in 1710—the 89th lot in number in ye first division of ye common lands in ye township of Duxbury."

Acknowledged Feb. 10, 1730
before Edward Amos

Recorded and examined
Josiah Cotton, Reg.
Apr. 10, 1730

This is the last record we find of JOSEPH LANGRELL in Duxbury. Soon after this he with his wife MARY (THOMAS) and small children MARY, Bethia, Thomas and Abigail removed to Lebanon, Conn., and settled in Goshen Parish. If they were not accompanied from Duxbury by MARY'S brothers John and Ezekiel Thomas, they were soon joined by them. MARY'S brother Ebenezer Thomas had previously removed to Norwich, Conn., as is shown in one of the foregoing deeds.

It is probable that the land upon which they settled in Lebanon was received in the division of the estate of their father James Thomas, made 24 Dec., 1720, wherein is mentioned "his land lying at Lebanon in Co. of New London in Connecticut." [5]

20 June, 1731 MARY LANGRELL from Marshfield, (Mass.), and Mary Thomas from Duxborough, probably MARY LANGRELL'S widowed mother, were admitted into the Congregational Church of Goshen, Lebanon.[6] This date probably very nearly approximates the time of their arrival in Lebanon.

The Goshen Church was a branch of the First Church of Lebanon, and was organized 26 Nov., 1729, about a year

and a half before JOSEPH and MARY LANGRELL became participants in its activities, although Joseph was not admitted a member until 28 March, 1742.[6]

"10 Nov., 1732, John Thomas and Ezekiel Thomas and JOSEPH LANGRELL and MARY his wife of Lebanon and Ebenezer Thomas of Norwich all of Co. of Windham in the Colony of Connecticut, in New England and Wrestling Brewster of Kingston and Hannah his wife in Co. of Plymouth in New England, release and quit claim to brother James Thomas of Duxbury, certain salt meadow in Marshfield lately in possession of Deacon John Foster and Sarah his wife late of Marshfield, deceased, and now in partnership Daniel Thomas and Israel Thomas John Thomas and ourselves—We ye said John Thomas Ebenezer Thomas Ezekiel Thomas Wrestling Brewster and Hannah his wife and JOSEPH LANGRELL and MARY his wife." [4]

10 Nov. 1732 Signed by all with Seal
Sworn to in Lebanon by Ebenezer Ward, Just.
Dec. 5, 1732.
Plymouth 20 Apr. 1733
Acknowledged by
Joshua Cushing, Justice.
On the part of Wrestling Brewster and Hannah his wife.

The death dates of JOSEPH[1] and MARY (THOMAS) LANGRELL have not been found. They were both living 23 Dec., 1766, when their daughter-in-law Mary (Hyde) Langrell, widow of their son Thomas Langrell, signed her will "Mary Langrell Jr.," (the inference being that MARY LANGRELL, Sr. was still living,) and named her "honored father MR. JOSEPH LANGRELL" to be her executor.[7] MARY, wife of JOSEPH LANGRELL had died before Sept. 30, 1777, as in JOSEPH'S will of that date his second wife Dorothy is mentioned.

JOSEPH[1] LANGRELL'S will, proved in the Windham Probate court 4 Nov., 1782, follows:

"In the name of God Amen Sept. the 30th A. D. 1777. I, JOSEPH LANGRELL of Lebanon in the County of Windham being at present thro the goodness of God, in health of body and sound mind and memory, praised be God therefor, but calling to mind the uncertainty of life, and desirous to settle my temporal affairs;—and first and principally, whensoever my great change shall come, would resign my soul into the

hands of God, hoping to obtain the remission of my sins thro Jesus Christ, and to be recd to life eternal: My body I would then commit to the earth to be buried at the discretion of my Executor hereafter named, nothing doubting but I shall receive the same again at the resurrection of the just by the mighty power of God.-

And as touching my temporal estate, I give, bequeath and dispose of the same in manner following viz. It is my Will, and I do order that all my just debts and charges be paid out of my personal estate by my Executor hereafter named.

Item. My Will is, and I do give and bequeath unto my beloved Wife Dorothy, the one third part of all my personal estate, to be her own forever, I also give unto her the use and improvement of one half of the buildings thereon standing, so long as she shall remain my widow. Also I give unto her fire wood sufficient to maintain one fire, to be provided and brought to the house where I now dwell, by my grandson William, so long as she shall remain my widow, and its my will that the West half of the house be set off to my sd wife. And I also give unto her the best Saddle horse that I shall leave, and the best Sidesaddle that I now own as a particular gift to her.

Item. I give to my daughter MARY LAW Twenty Shillings lawful money to be paid to her Six months after my decease by my Executor hereafternamed, together with what she hath already received, in full of her portion.

Item. My Will is, and I do give and bequeath unto the heirs of Bethia Rowley, Viz Joseph Langrill Rowley, and Azubah Hills twenty shillings lawful money to be paid to them within six months after my decease by my Executor hereafter mentioned, in full of their portion together with what they have already received.

Item. I give unto my grandson Thomas Langrill Hyde, all my Right and Interest in one certain dwelling house and land in Norwich which house and land did formerly belong to the sd Hydes Grandfather,—and I also give unto him my sd Grandson Thomas Langrill Hyde the sum of One hundred and twenty pounds lawful money to be paid to him by my grandson William Hyde within six months after my decease, or the amount of One hundred and twenty pounds to be set out and conveyed to him in personal Estate or in lands at Inventory price my by sd Grandson William Hyde within six months after my decease, in full of his the sd Thomas Langrill Hydes portion.

Item. I give and bequeath unto my Grandson William Hyde all the residue of my Estate both real and personal that shall be left after the aforesaid debts, charges, legacies and dower is paid and set off as herein orderd on this condition,

that sd Grandson William Hyde shall well and truly pay the aforesaid debts, charges, legacies &c herein given and ordered to be paid by him the said William.

And furthermore, I do hereby nominate and appoint my aforesaid wife Dorothy and my aforesaid grandson William Hyde the sole Executors of this my last Will and Testament, and I do hereby disannul, revoke and make void all other Wills and Testaments by me heretofore made and in confirmation of what is above written, I have hereunto set my hand and Seal the day of the date aforesaid.

Signed, sealed, published & declared to be the last Will & Testament of the above testator, in presence of
John Watrous
Jerusha Watrous
Jerusha Watrous 2nd

JOSEPH LANGREL (Seal)

Colchester in Hartford County Nov. 4th A. D. 1782—

Then personally appeared Mrs. Jerusha Watrous one of the Subscribing Witnesses to the foregoing Will & made solemn oath that she saw MR. JOSEPH LANGRELL the Testator sign and seal the same, the Codicil excepted, and that on his desire she set her hand as a Witness to said Will & at the same time judged the testator to be of sound mind and memory—before me

Jno Watrous Just. Pacis.

Colchester in Hartford County Nov. 4th A. D. 1782. Then personally appeared John Watrous Esq. one of the subscribing Witnesses to the foregoing Will & made solemn oath that he saw MR. JOSEPH LANGRELL the testator sign said Will, the Codicil excepted, and seal the same and heard him declare the same to be his last Will & Testament, and that on the desire of the Testator & in his presence, & in the presence of the other two subscribing Witnesses Viz. Mrs. Jerusha Watrous & Jerusha Watrous 2nd he set to his hand as a Witness to sd Will, & that he then judged the Testator to be of sound mind and memory Before me

E. Worthington Just. Pacis.

I JOSEPH LANGRELL the foregoing Testator, being this day of sound disposing mind & memory, do hereby ratify and establish all the foregoing as my last Will and Testament, saving & excepting the alteration and addition which by this Codicil, I do hereby make, ordain and appoint therein,—That is to say.—I give and bequeath to my Grandson Thomas Langrell Hyde, beside the house at Norwich in sd Will mentioned, viz. the sum of Fifty pounds lawful money, to be paid to him by my Grandson William out of the portion I give him, within Eighteen months after my decease, with lawful

interest, till paid, this is to be instead and in lieu of all other legacies I had given him in my foregoing Will, except the house at Norwich,—and I do hereby retract, revoke and disannul all other legacy & payment other than what I hereby give and ratify to him.

And I do hereby give and bequeath unto my Great grandchild Sarah, daughter of William Hyde, all the furniture belonging to the West Chamber in my house—and it is my Will and understanding that my Wife take and consider her thirds of my personal estate which I have in my sd Will given her, not to include any part of said furniture so disposed in this supplement.

In Witness and confirmation of this Codicil & the alterations of my sd Will hereby made, I hereunto set my hand and seal the 15th day of Aug. 1782.

Signed, sealed and declared in presence of
Mary Williams
Sally Lord
} JOSEPH LANGRELL (Seal.)

County & District of Windham ss. Lebanon 4th Jany—1783—Personally appeared Mrs. Mary Williams and Sally Lord, and made oath that they saw MR. JOSEPH LANGRELL sign, seal and deliver the foregoing Codicil to his last Will and Testament and heard him declare the same as such, and that they set their names thereto in presence of the testator, as witnesses, and in presence of each other, and judged him then to be of sound and disposing mind and memory.

before me
William Williams Judge Probate

The children of JOSEPH[1] and MARY (THOMAS) LANGRELL were:[10]

1 MARY[2] LANGRELL, b. July 26, 1723, probably in Plymouth, Mass., m. SAMUEL[3] LAW[6], see below

2 Bethia[2] Langrell, b. Oct. 7, 1725, probably in Duxbury, Mass., d. May 7, 1750, ae. about 25, in Colchester, Conn.; m.[6] as 1st wife Jan. 24, 1745, Daniel Rowley, son of Moses and Mary Rowley, b. East Haddam, Conn., Mar. 12, 1720; he m. (2) about 1750-1, Jemima Parsons.[11] The children of Daniel and Bethia Langrell Rowley were: (both mentioned in their grandfather JOSEPH[1] LANGRELL'S will):

Joseph Langrell[3] Rowley

Azuba[3] Rowley; m. ..... Hills, and had

Bethia Langrell[4] Hills,[9] who m. in Lebanon Sept. 13, 1787, Jacob Mentle[6]

3 Thomas[2] Langrell, b. Mar. 7, 1727-8, probably in Duxbury, Mass., d. ae. about 30 years, inventory of estate Feb. 27, 1758-9;[13] m. Mar. 26, 1758, Mary, dau. of Capt. Wm. Hyde,[6] b. 22 Sept., 1729,

Norwich, Conn., d. Dec., 1766, ae. about 37.[12] Probably no children

4 Abigail[2] Langrell, b. June 27, 1730, probably in Duxbury, Mass.; m. as his 1st wife, Nov. 28, 1754, William Hyde,[6] brother of Thomas[2] Langrell's wife Mary Hyde, born Nov., 1731.[12] Both mentioned as heirs in distribution of estate of Abigail's brother Thomas Langrell, 16 May, 1764, but Abigail probably d. before 30 Sept., 1777, as she is not mentioned in her father JOSEPH LANGRELL'S will

5 Hannah[2] Langrell, b. Jan. 29, 1732; not named in her father's will. No record

For children of MARY and SAMUEL[3] LAW see LAW, SAMUEL.[3]

References for LANGRELL Line:

1 Mayflower Descendant, Vol. 18, p. 143;
2 Mayflower Descendant, Vol. 14, p. 39;
3 Mayflower Descendant, Vol. 9, p. 25;
History of Duxbury, Mass., Justin Winsor, 1859, p. 325;
Duxbury, Mass., V. R., pp. 174-5;
4 Plymouth Co., Mass., Registry Deeds, Plymouth, Mass.,
Vol. 16, p. 200;
Vol. 17, pp. 67-8;
Vol. 18, p. 53;
Vol. 23, p. 121;
Vol. 24, p. 51;
Vol. 25, p. 82;
Vol. 28, p. 19;
5 Plymouth Co., Mass., Probate Registry, Plymouth, Mass.,
Vol. 4, pp. 256-7;
6 Records of Congregational Church, Goshen, Lebanon, Conn., copied by Conn. Soc. of Colonial Dames and deposited with State Hist. Soc. of Conn., Hartford, Conn., pp. 7-12-87-88-95;
7 Will of Mary (Hyde) Langrell, 1766; Probate Dept., State Library, Hartford, Conn.;
8 Thacher-Thatcher Gen., New York Genealogical Biographical Record, Vol. 43, p. 260; also "The Otis Family," New England Register, Vol. 2, p. 293;
9 Will of JOSEPH LANGRELL, 1782, Windham Probate Records, Vol. II, pp. 156-7;
10 Vital Records of Lebanon, Conn., Vol. I, pp. 154 and 179;
11 Rowley Genealogy, New York Genealogical Record, Vol. 37, p. 203;
12 Hyde Genealogy, R. A. Walworth, 1861, Vol. 1, pp. 30 and 112;
13 Inventory, Administration and Distribution of Estate of Thomas Langrell of Hartford, Conn., 1758, 1760, 1764; Probate Dept., State Library of Conn., Hartford, Conn.

LITTLE

THOMAS[1] LITTLE, Plymouth, Mass., 1630, married 19 Apr., 1633, ANN, daughter of RICHARD WARREN; they lived in Plymouth until 1650, when they removed to Marshfield.

THOMAS LITTLE died in Marshfield in March, 1672. His will was dated 12 May, 1671, and the inventory of his estate was taken 4 Apr., 1672.

His son Thomas, called Sr. after his father's death, was killed by Indians in King Phillip's War, in the fight at Rehoboth, 26 Mar. 1676. His will shows that his mother and four sisters were living when it was made, 19 Feb., 1675-6.

The children of THOMAS[1] and ANN (WARREN) LITTLE were:

1 Isaac[2] Little, b. 1646, m. Bethia....., who d. 3 Sept., 1718. They resided at Marshfield and had eight children
2 Thomas[2] Little, killed in Rehoboth Fight 26 March, 1676
3 Ephraim[2] Little, b. 17 May, 1650, Marshfield; m. 1672 Mary Sturdevant
4 Samuel[2] Little, b. 1656
5 HANNAH[2] LITTLE, m. 15 Jan., 1662, STEPHEN TILDEN of Marshfield
6 Mercy[2] Little, m. 1666 John Sawyer
7 Ruth[2] Little, as given by Miss Thomas
8 Patience[2] Little, as given by Miss Thomas

See WARREN.

See TILDEN.

References:

Savage's Genealogical Dictionary, Vol. 3, p. 99;
Mayflower Descendant, Vol. 4, p. 16;
Ancient Landmarks of Plymouth, Davis, 1888, Genealogical Register, p. 173.

Descent of

GEORGE L. WATERS

from

JOHN[1] LAW,
Concord, Mass., about 1656.

1
John Law ..... Lydia Draper

2
Dr. Samuel Law ..... Martha (Wigglesworth) Wheeler

3
Samuel Law ..... Mary Langrell

4
Consider Law ..... Sarah Grommon

5
Caroline Law ..... Aretus Waters

6
Albertus Waters ..... Cynthia Nodine

7
George L. Waters ..... Ida A. Parsons

LAW

JOHN[1] LAW, immigrant ancestor, was born about 1635, and according to the tradition of the family, was of Scotch descent, and born in Scotland. He is said to have come to America about 1656, and seems to have been nicknamed "Shepherd." He may have been one of the many Scotch prisoners of war who were sent to New England by Cromwell about this time. He settled soon after arriving in that part of Concord, Mass., which is now Acton, and lived there the remainder of his life.[1] He married at Concord, March 5, 1659-60, LYDIA DRAPER, daughter of Roger Draper of Concord. She was born in 1638, and died Jan. 6, 1733, aged 94 years.[2]

The children of JOHN[1] and LYDIA (DRAPER) LAW, born in Concord, the first four recorded in the Concord Register, were:[1]

1 John[2] Law, b. March 7, 1660-1; d. Dec. 6, 1690
2 Thomas[2] Law, b. Sept. 10, 1663, m. Sarah .....; settled in Acton, Mass.
3 Stephen[2] Law, b. Aug. 28, 1665; d. Nov. 25, 1733; m. Deborah.....
4 DR. SAMUEL[2] LAW, b. May 28, 1665, m. Dec. 15, 1708, MARTHA WHEELER
5 Mary[2] Law, m. 1710, Samuel Davis
6 Elizabeth[2] Law, m. Jacob Reed

See DRAPER.

DR. SAMUEL[2] LAW, son of John[1] and Lydia (Draper) Law, was born in Concord, Mass., May 28, 1680. He was married in Concord, (by Justice Minott) Dec. 15, 1708, to MRS. MARTHA[2] WHEELER, daughter of Rev. Michael Wigglesworth of Malden, Mass., born in Malden, Dec. 21, 1683,[3] and died in Stonington, Conn., Dec. 4, 1719.[4] The baptismal name of MARTHA (WIGGLESWORTH) WHEELER'S husband is unknown; she is mentioned in her father's will, Apr. 12, 1705, among his married daughters, but neither the Christian name nor surname of her husband is there given. In the will of her step-mother, Mrs. Sybil Wigglesworth, Mar. 31, 1708, she is called "MARTHA WHEELER." After a bequest of 10 shillings, this clause is added: "To her son I have already given a silver spoon."[3]

The births of two children to DR. SAMUEL[2] and his wife

MARTHA (WHEELER) LAW are recorded in Concord—Liddiah, born Apr. 24, 1710, and Martha, born Oct. 7, 1711.

He was a resident of Concord Dec. 1, 1712-13 when he was appointed guardian of the children of Dr. Jacob Read of Simsbury, Conn., husband of his sister Elizabeth,[5] but soon afterward we find him residing in Plainfield, Conn., where his son SAMUEL was born Nov. 15, 1714, and his daughter Martha died a few days later—Nov. 19, 1714.[6]

A couple of years later he removed to Stonington, Conn., where two children by his wife MARTHA are recorded, namely, Wigglesworth, born Feb. 1, 1716-17; and Martha, born Nov. 27, 1719, died Mar. 12, 1719-20. There his wife MARTHA died Dec. 4, 1719, seven days after the birth of her daughter Martha. DR. LAW seems to have been only a temporary resident in Stonington, as in the several other towns where we find him mentioned. His name does not appear in any list of inhabitants of Stonington made about that time.[3]

Miss Caulkins, in her History of Norwich, Conn., mentions him as a transient resident of Norwich 1718-20. Here he was fined for swearing profanely May 6, 1721.[7]

He was of Groton, Conn., when he died Apr. 29, 1727, aged 47 years.[2] The New England Weekly Journal of May 8, 1727, gives the following record of his death:[8]

"Groton (in Conn.) Apr. 30. Last night DR. SAMUEL LAW (Aged about 47), who had lived here for some time, but had his birth at Concord, and Married a Daughter of the late Michael Wigglesworth of Malden Deceased, not being very well, made up two Pills of Physick, which he had just received from Boston, for himself; and gave two of the same to a Woman in the House (who was likewise Indisposed) they went to their beds as usual; the Woman waking before Morning and finding herself very Sick, went up to DR. LAW'S room to ask his advice what to do, but found him gasping for Breath, and he dy'd in a few Minutes; and the Woman herselfe is like to dye also." [3]

The children of DR. SAMUEL[2] and MARTHA (WIGGLESWORTH) (WHEELER) LAW were:

1 Liddiah[3] Law, b. Apr. 24, 1710, Concord, Mass.[3]
2 Martha[3] Law, b. Oct. 7, 1711, Concord, Mass.,[3] d. Nov. 19, 1714, Plainfield, Conn.[6]
3 SAMUEL[3] LAW, b. Nov. 15, 1714, Plainfield, Conn.,[6] m. Feb. 24, 1743,

MARY LANGRELL; both of Lebanon, Conn.[9]

4 Wigglesworth[8] Law, b. Feb. 1, 1716-17, Stonington, Conn.;[4] Inventory of estate taken May 5, 1772, Lebanon, Conn., Windham Probate Dist. Adm. wife Ann; 7 in family.[10] He m. (1) Dec. 12, 1744, Sarah Ordway who d. Nov. 3, 1750; 3 children. Married (2) May 2, 1751, Ann Tuttle; 8 children[11]

5 Martha[8] Law, b. Nov. 27, 1719, d. Mar. 12, 1719-20, Stonington, Conn.[4]

See WIGGLESWORTH.

SAMUEL[3] LAW, son of Dr. Samuel and Martha (Wigglesworth) (Wheeler) Law, was born in Plainfield, Conn., Nov. 15, 1714.[6] He married in Goshen Parish, Lebanon, Conn., 24 Feb., 1743,[12] MARY LANGRELL, daughter of Joseph and Mary (Thomas) Langrell, of Plymouth, Mass., born in Plymouth 26 July, 1723, but recorded in the town records of Lebanon, whence her parents removed about 1731.[13]

MARY LANGRELL was received into the Goshen Congregational Church, Lebanon, Conn., 15 Nov., 1741, and SAMUEL LAW, was received 17 Jan., 1742.[13] This church was organized 26 Nov., 1729. Rev. Jacob Elliott, its first minister, served from the time of his settlement in Nov., 1729, until his death in 1766.[14]

SAMUEL and MARY (LANGRELL) LAW were both living 16 May, 1764, when they were named as heirs in the distribution of the estate of MARY'S brother Thomas Langrell of Hartford, Conn.[15] MARY LAW was still living Sept. 30, 1777, when she was mentioned in the will of her father JOSEPH LANGRELL, of that date,[16] but the death date of neither has been recorded.

The children of SAMUEL[3] and MARY (LANGRELL) LAW, all baptized in the Goshen Congregational Church, Lebanon, Conn., were:[12]

1 Samuel[4] Law, bapt. Sept. 23, 1744

2 Martha[4] Law, bapt. Dec. 29, 1746, m. Oct. 31, 1765, Daniel Douglass Jr., of Norwich, Conn. (Nor. V. R.)

3 Mary[4] Law, bapt. Mar. 11, 1747, m. Elisha Doubleday. (Lebanon V. R., 1-72)

4 Hannah[4] Law, bapt. Oct. 29, 1749

5 Joseph[4] Law, bapt. Feb. 23, 1752, served in the Revolution from Lebanon, Conn., and Columbia Co., N. Y. Married in New Lebanon, N. Y., Mar. 4, 1784, Dulana Fellows, b. 1758, d. in Canaan, N. Y., Aug. 18, 1835.[19] Their children were:

1. Wealthy[5] Law, b. 1787, m. Collins Flint
2 Joseph[5] Law, b. 1785, d. unmarried, Canaan, N. Y.
3 Samuel[5] Law, b. 1789

4 Charles[5] Law, b. 1791, m. Lovica Pease
5 Laura[5] Law, b. 1793, m. Wm. Brown
6 Horace[5] Law, b. 1795
7 Anna P.[5] Law, b. 1798, m. Hezekiah Marks
8 Mary Bethia[5] Law, b. 1803

6 Abigail[4] Law, bapt. July 7, 1754
7 Lydia[4] Law, bapt. Mar. 21, 1756
8 Abiah Wigglesworth[4] Law, bapt. Apr. 23, 1758
9 CONSIDER[4] LAW, bapt. Jan. 6, 1760, m. (1) Martha Allen; (2) SARAH GRUMMON.[17]
10 Bethia[4] Law, bapt. July 11, 1762, d. Apr. 4, 1814, ae. 51[22]
11 Lucy[4] Law, bapt. Aug. 18, 1765

See LANGRELL.

CONSIDER[4] LAW, son of Samuel and Mary (Langrell) Law, was baptized in Goshen Congregational Church, Lebanon Conn., 6 Jan., 1760;[12] died in Westmoreland, (Bartlett), Oneida Co., N. Y., 4 Aug., 1820, aged 64 years. He married (1) in 1782, Martha Allen who died soon leaving one child, Martha Law; he married (2) in 1786, SARAH or SALLY GROMMON, born 1767, perhaps daughter of David and Sarah (Morehouse) Grummon, who were married in Wilton, Conn., 18 Mar., 1756; she died in Bartlett, N. Y., 2 Mar., 1840, aged 73 years.[17] They are both buried in the Bartlett Cemetery.

CONSIDER[4] LAW grew to young manhood in his father's home in Lebanon, Conn.; he and his brother Joseph, six years his senior, both served enlistments from Lebanon in the Revolutionary War, for which service Joseph received a pension. Their Revolutionary record follows:[18]

"Third Battalion
Wadsworth's Brigade
Col. Sage 1776
Battalion raised June 1776 to reinforce Washington at New York and on Long Island. Caught in retreat from the city Sept. 15 and suffered some loss. Engaged at the Battle of White Plains, Oct. 28, 1776. Time expired Dec. 25, 1776.
1st Co. Capt. James Clark of Lebanon:
Joseph Law, private.
CONSIDER LAW, private.

CONSIDER could have been only 16 years old at the time of his enlistment. His brother Joseph Law was chosen a member of "The Commander-in-Chief's Guard," a company of selected soldiers, thus honored because of their physical

fitness to act as a body guard to Gen. Washington. "The Commander-in-Chief's Guard" by Carlos E. Godfrey, gives the following: "Law, Joseph: Enlisted Lebanon, Conn., June 20, 1776 for 6 mos. a private in Capt. James Clark's Co., commanded by Col. Comfort Sage," etc., etc. Then follows the record of his marriage and data concerning his children, as given on a foregoing page.[19]

How long the family of SAMUEL and MARY (LANGRELL) LAW remained in Lebanon, Conn., is unknown, but at some time before the Revolutionary struggle ended, a part of the family, at least, removed to Canaan, Columbia Co., N. Y., which previous to 1795 was a part of Albany Co. Canaan originally embraced the present towns of Canaan, New Lebanon and the eastern three-quarters of Chatham, N. Y. Befor the Revolution it was called "King's District." March 7, 1788, the name was changed to Canaan. The early settlement of Columbia Co., N. Y., was made by families from Lebanon and Canaan, Conn.

Upon their arrival in New York Joseph and CONSIDER LAW again bore a part in the Revolutionary War, serving as privates in Capt. Gideon King's co., Col. William Whiting's regt.[20]

The first Government Census of 1790 lists the two brothers as residents of Canaan, Columbia Co., N. Y., at that time, and here Joseph, who was a carpenter, remained and reared a family.

Soon after 1790 CONSIDER LAW became one of the early settlers of Paris, Oneida Co., N. Y.,[21] where he remained until 1800, when in company with David and Stephen Grummons he took up land in Adams, Jefferson Co., N. Y., and removed there.[21] A Baptist Church was organized in Adams in Sept., 1802, at the home of David Grummon, and doubtless CONSIDER LAW was a member.

At the first town meeting in Adams, 1 March, 1803, CONSIDER LAW was elected a town officer, and became overseer of highways. David Grummon Jr. was elected assessor.[21]

After living in Jefferson Co. about seven years, CONSIDER returned to Oneida Co., and resided in Kirkland until 1816, when he yielded to the persuasion of his young sons, Consider Jr., aged 18, and George W., aged 16, and removed to the north part of Westmoreland, in the same county, where

he purchased a tract of land in the wilderness, built a log house, and began clearing the land.

The "Second Church of Christ of Westmoreland" was organized 20 June, 1818, and CONSIDER LAW, his wife SALLY, sons Consider Jr. and George W. and daughter Maria were among its forty-seven charter members, taking an active part in its formation. Their daughter CAROLINE joined 21 June, 1818, and Adeline joined later.[17] This church was later known as South Baptist Church, and still later as the Bartlett Baptist Church.

The child of CONSIDER LAW and his first wife Martha Allen was:[17]

1 Martha[5] Law, b. 3 Oct., 1784, Lebanon, N. Y., d. 6 Oct., 1854, Bartlett, N. Y. Married (1) in 1803 Luther Eastman; m. (2) 13 Mar., 1806, William Comstock.

The children of CONSIDER and SARAH GROMMON LAW were:[17]

2 Sally[5] Law, b. 19 Nov., 1790, Lebanon, N. Y., d. 13 June, 1865; m. 25 Feb., 1810, Asahel Heath; removed to Wisconsin

3 Irena[5] Law, b.....; m. Reuben Gridley; removed to Wisconsin

4 Maria[5] Law, b. 9 Apr., 1795, Paris, N. Y., d. 16 Aug., 1861, buried in Rome, N. Y. Married 10 June, 1813, Chester Chency

5 Consider Jr.[5] Law, b. 22 Feb., 1798, Paris, N. Y., d. 27 Jan., 1840, Westmoreland, N. Y.; m. 22 Mar., 1821, Joanna Comstock, dau. of William and Lois (Eastman) Comstock, who married (2) Abner Waters

6 George Washington[5] Law, b. 27 Jan., 1800, Paris, N. Y., d. 30 Mar., 1881, Westmoreland, N. Y., buried in the Bartlett Cemetery. Married 15 Apr., 1823, in Kirkland, N. Y., Harriett Blakeslee, b. 11 July, 1804, Litchfield, Conn.[28]

7 CAROLINE[5] LAW, b. 23 Sept., 1803, Adams, N. Y., d. 8 Apr., 1874, Cortland, N. Y. Married 29 Oct., 1822, ARETUS WATERS, b. 8 Sept., 1798, Glastonbury, Conn., d. 9 Nov., 1869, Cortland, N. Y. CAROLINE[5] LAW was twin with Adaline[5] Law below

8 Adaline[5] Law, twin of CAROLINE above, b. 23 Sept., 1803, Adams, N. Y., d. 8 Nov., 1841, Westmoreland, N. Y. Married 21 Sept., 1820, Abner Hill Waters, cousin of ARETUS WATERS above

See WATERS, ARETUS[6].

References for foregoing LAW line:

1 Genealogical and Personal Memoirs Relating to Families of Middlesex Co., Mass., 1908; Vol. 3, p. 1237;

2 Shattuck's History of Concord, Mass., 1835, p. 377;

3 New England Weekly Journal, May 8, 1727, in New England Register, Vol. 23, p. 212;
4 Stonington, Conn., Vital Records, Vol. I, pp. 118 and 122, Barbour Collection, Conn. State Library, Hartford, Conn.;
5 Early Conn. Probate Records, Chas. W. Manwaring, 1906, Vol. 2, p. 277;
6 Plainfield, Conn., Vital Records, Vol. I, p. 14; Barbour Collection, Conn. State Library, Hartford, Conn.;
7 History of Norwich, Conn., 2nd Ed., pp. 278 and 634, Frances M. Caulkins;
8 Concord, Mass., Register of Births, Deaths and Marriages, p. 78;
9 Early Conn. Marriages, F. W. Bailey, Vol. 5, p. 42;
10 Records from Probate Dept., Conn. State Library, Hartford, Conn.;
11 Lebanon, Conn., Vital Records, Vol. I, p. 181;
12 Records of Congregational Church, Goshen Parish, Lebanon, Conn., pp. 7-11-12-41-2-3-5-8-51-3-5-7-60-3-87; Conn. State Historical Library, Hartford, Conn.;
13 Lebanon, Conn., Vital Records, Vol. I, p. 179;
14 Early Lebanon, Orlo D. Hine, 1880, p. 138;
15 Records from Probate Dept., Conn. State Library, Hartford, Conn.;
16 Will of Joseph Langrell, Lebanon, Conn., 1782; Windham Probate Records, Vol. II, pp. 156-7;
17 "Capt. Consider Law and His Descendants," Law Family Association, 1915, p. 3. Also Records of Law Family Association, W. C. Law, Sec.;
18 Revolutionary Pension Records, War Dept., Washington, D. C. Also "Connecticut in the Revolution," Hartford, 1899, pp. 399 and 643;
19 "The Commander-in-Chief's Guard," Carlos E. Godfrey, pp. 202-3;
20 Archives New York in the Revolution, Vol. I, p. 413;
21 History of Jefferson Co., N. Y., F. B. Hough, 1854, pp. 71-2-7;
22 Records of Lebanon, Conn., First Church 1701-1839, p. 256;
23 "Alcott Family Record," Dennison Alcott, 1852, pp. 32-3. Typewritten mss. in Newberry Genealogical Library, Chicago, Ill.

PITNEY

JAMES[1] PITNEY, Boston 1652, had been at Ipswich 1639. His wife SARAH had come in the "Planter" 1635 from London, aged 22, with Margaret, aged 22, perhaps his sister, and two children, SARAH, aged 7, and Samuel, aged 1½.

He was of Marshfield, Plymouth Colony, 1643, and after the death of his wife, 14 Aug., 1658, removed to Marshfield again, for there his daughter SARAH married 21 Dec., 1648, JOHN THOMAS; and there he died 14 Mar., 1663.[1]

In his nuncupative will of that date by John Bradford (who was made overseer) and John Bourne, the testator, aged 80, gives his little property to his sons JOHN THOMAS SR. and James Pitney, and daughters Abigail, and SARAH THOMAS (and her child). SARAH THOMAS was made executor of the will. The inventory of his estate, taken Mar. 21, 1663, amounted to £31. 9s.[2]

The children of JAMES[1] and SARAH PITNEY were:[1]

1 SARAH[2] PITNEY, aged 7 years in 1635; m. 1648 JOHN THOMAS of Marshfield
2 Samuel[2] Pitney, aged 1½ years in 1635
3 James[2] Pitney
4 Abigail[2] Pitney

James[2] Pitney, son of James[1] and Sarah Pitney, is probably not that youth mentioned in a letter of Roger Williams to John Winthrop, Apr., 1669, as having run away from his master James Bill of Boston, steering for New London.

See THOMAS, SARAH[3].

References:

1 Savage's Genealogical Dictionary, Vol. 3, p. 442;
2 Abstracts of Earliest Wills in the Probate Office, Plymouth, Mass., Justin Winsor; New England Register, Vol. 6, p. 185.

STARLING—STERLING

WILLIAM STERLING of Haverhill, Mass., and of Lyme, Connecticut, and His Descendants.

WILLIAM[1] STERLING was born presumably not far from London, England, in 1637. From the inscription on his grave-stone in Sterling City, Lyme, Conn., it would appear that he was born in 1632, as it states that he died 1719 "in the 87th year of his age." However, as William gave his age as 30 in 1667, and again as 35 in 1672, (New England Reg., 8-53), we may safely assume that the grave record was in error.

The first mention found of WILLIAM in New England is in Essex Co. Records at Salem, Mass., where the names of five children are given as born at "Rowley Village at Miramack." The village referred to is what is now Bradford, on the opposite side of the river from Haverhill, where WILLIAM lived for many years.

"Good: Starling" was taxed three shillings 10 pence in Rowley between 1660-64 (New Eng. Reg. 15, 254). This undoubtedly refers to WILLIAM as he was living there at that time. "Good" is a contraction of the obsolete term "goodman," a term inferior to that of "Mister."

WILLIAM is called "Mariner" in the early records; also a ship carpenter and a miller. He bought land of Stephen Kent of Haverhill, 1662, and settled there near the Rowley line. Later he settled on a ridge east of Haverhill on the Merrimack River and near a small stream called Little River, which passes under what is now Washington square. Here he probably had a house and mill. There was also a spring on his land, which supplied his family and neighbors with water. A ferry across the Merrimack River, established 1647, was operated from WILLIAM'S land. The same old ferry, one of the oldest in the country, still plies its small boats and does a brisk business in spite of the cars which cross the bridge.

In early spring of 1669, WILLIAM sold his Rowley property to Stephen Kent, with a provision that the "Road to ye Ferry be open for ever." This has so far been observed.

At the same time Stephen Kent sold to WILLIAM STERLING for £104 a house, barn, and orchard near the homes of

Kent and Remington. At this sale Hilliard and Henry West were witnesses; both Salem seamen and traders. Possibly WILLIAM built ships at Haverhill for the coast trade, as he afterwards did at Lyme, as Haverhill is at the head of the tide-water and sloop navigation.

Some time before 1683 the town conveyed to WILLIAM STERLING a lot of about 12 acres. On this ground he erected a house which stood for many years as an inn. The City Hall of Haverhill now stands on this site.

WILLIAM[1] STERLING married (1), probably about 1659, Elizabeth ..... of whom we have no knowledge except that she died at Haverhill 6 Feb., 1675. She was the mother of twelve children.

He married (2), at Haverhill, 19 Dec., 1676, Mrs. Mary (Blaisdell) Stowers, born at Haverhill, 5 Mar., 1641-2, daughter of Ralph and Elizabeth Blaisdell and widow of Joseph Stowers, who died at Haverhill, 29 May, 1681.

He married (3), at Haverhill, 24 Apr., 1683, MRS. ANN (NICHOLS) NEALE of Salem, widow of John Neale, whom she married 1672.

He married (4), at Lyme, Conn., widow Mary Sayer or Sawyer, born 17 Nov., 1664, daughter of Hugh Hubbard of New London (about 1670), who survived him. She married (1) Ichabod Sayer of New London in 1697.

Some time late in the autumn of 1697 or the spring of the following year, WILLIAM[1] STERLING removed from Haverhill to Lyme, Conn., which was settled 1664, and was then a prosperous village. There is but little doubt but that WILLIAM, with his wife ANN NEALE, and two sons Daniel and Jacob made this journey by water, in a small sloop or coasting vessel which took on board their household goods at the landing at Haverhill, and disembarked them at Lyme within the shelter of the mouth of the Connecticut River. In Lyme, WILLIAM and his wife, 13 Feb., 1699, deeded to her son Thomas Neale land in Salem, Mass., which had belonged to her first husband.

WILLIAM appears to have lived at Lyme about 3 years before he acquired any land. His first purchase was deeded to him at Lyme, 29 Nov., 1701, consisting of a parcel of land on the Lieutenant River, a small stream emptying into the Connecticut River at its mouth. One year later the town

laid out to him 8 acres adjoining his land.

That WILLIAM was a ship builder at Lyme the following interesting document amply testifies:

"A protest of WILLIAM STARLING against Mr. Samuel Wentworth of Boston.

To all expiane (christian) peopell to whom these presents Shall come Greeting know ye MR. WILLIAM STARLING Shipwright of the Towne of Lyme and Co. of New London and in her Majesty's Collony of Connecticut in New England Shipright as a foresaid doe by these presents protest against my owner Mr. Samuel Wentworth a Merchant of Boston for his neglecting or his not sending or not procuring the iron works for the carrying on of the works of a vessell or ship which the said Starling am now a building for sd Wentworth and also was obliged to launch her in Feb. next ensuing this Date and the said Starling have already sent for bolts and spikes and can get none which is to My damadg the Sume of three hundred pounds cash, my timber being in the yard and the vessell upon the Stocks and my men all hear upon charge and cannot doe anything for the want of Iron works and I cannot sett up on an other vesell one of the Stocks by reason of this therefore I have by these presents and for this defect drawn up this protest against my said owner Mr. Samuel Wentworth Marchant in Boston, a fore sd in Lyme December the 9 day 1706

WILLIAM STARLING

Signed in presents of
Nathan Andrus
SAMUEL WATTERUS

Lyme this 16 day of Dec. 1706 This day MR. WM. STARLING Shipright personally appearing Declared Publickly this above written protest to be his act and deed before me.

William Ely Justice of Peec"

In 1709 WILLIAM'S son Daniel acquired an interest in the waterpower generated by a small stream located in the northern part of the then town of Lyme.

Daniel soon moved to his new location and founded the local hamlet known as Sterling City; about 6 miles north of the point where WILLIAM and his family had lived since removing from Haverhill.

In a few years, WILLIAM having grown old and feeble,

went to live with Daniel and gave him the deed of all his property under date of 10 Nov., 1716.

This is the last record we have of him save that which we find on the stone standing above his grave. After a long and varied life of more than fourscore years WILLIAM died at the home of his son Daniel in Sterling City, Lyme, 22 Jan., 1719.

The inscription which marks the spot where his remains lie reads:

Here lies the Body of
MR. WILLIAM STARLIN
who departed this life
Jan. 22nd, 1719, in the
87th year of his age.

The children of William[1] and Elizabeth Sterling were:

1 William[2], b. ab. 1660-1, m. Mary.....
2 Elizabeth[2], b. 6 Aug., 1662, at Rowley, now Bradford; m.....DeLand
3 Richard[2], b. 5 Aug., 1663; m. Grace.....
4 Mary[2], b. 14 Sept., 1663, at Rowley
5 John[2], b. 7 May, 1666; a witness 20 Dec., 1687; no further trace
6 Hannah[2], b. 14 Feb., 1667, at Rowley; m. Josiah Heath
7 Sarah[2], b. 4 May, 1669, at Haverhill; m. Ralph Farnum
8 Abigail[2], b. 27 May, 1670, at Haverhill; said to have m. Daniel Silliman 2nd; doubtful
9 Nathaniel[2], b. 25 June, 1671, in Haverhill; m. Boston, 10 Feb., 1695-6 Mary Starr; no further record
10 Daniel[2], b. 2 Oct., 1672, Haverhill, d. there 1673
11 Daniel[2], b. 19 Sept., 1673, Haverhill; m. (1) Mrs. Mary (Marvin) Ely; (2) Mrs. Mary (Lamb) Beckwith
12 James[2], b. 24 Feb., 1674, Haverhill, d. there 6 Mar., 1674-5
13 Jonah[2] or Josiah, b. 21 Oct., 1677, Haverhill; d. of smallpox 21 Dec., 1690
14 Jacob[2], b. 29 Aug., 1678, Haverhill; m. Mrs. Hannah (Odell) Seeley
15 Ruth[2], b. 17 Dec., 1679
16 and 17 Twins[2], b. 21 May, 1681, Haverhill; d. 29 May, 1681. The mother died the same day

The child of WILLIAM[1] and ANN (NEALE) STERLING was:

18 ANN STERLING, b. 14 Mar., 1684, Haverhill, Mass.

See WATERS, SAMUEL[3]

References:
Sterling Gen., Albert Mack Sterling, 1909, pp. 241 to 248

THOMAS

JOHN[1] THOMAS, Marshfield, Plymouth Colony, 1643, possibly is the orphan who embarked at London in the Hopewell, Sept., 1635, aged 14. He married 21 Dec., 1648, SARAH, daughter of JAMES PITNEY of Marshfield,[1] by whom he had:[2]

1 John[2] Thomas, b. 1649
2 Elizabeth[2] Thomas, b. 1652
3 Samuel[2] Thomas, b. 1655; m. Mercy, daughter of Wm. Ford
4 Daniel[2] Thomas, b. 1659; m. Experience, daughter of Thomas Tilden
5 Sarah[2] Thomas, b. 1661; m. Benjamin Phillips
6 JAMES[2] THOMAS, b. last of Nov., 1663;[3] m. MARY, dau. of STEPHEN TILDEN, 3 Jan., 1692-3
7 Ephraim[2] Thomas, b. 1668
8 Israel[2] Thomas, b. 1670; m. Bethia Sherman

See PITNEY.

JAMES[2] THOMAS, son of John[1] and Sarah (Pitney) Thomas, was born in Marshfield, "the last of November, 1663."[3] He married in Duxbury, 3 Jan., 1692-3, MARY[3], daughter of STEPHEN[2] and HANNAH (LITTLE) TILDEN, born in Duxbury 17 Sept., 1693.[4] He died in Duxbury 1719-20. The inventory of his estate, taken 9 Mar., 1719-20, amounted to £959. 17s. 4d. 25 Apr., 1718, MARY THOMAS, relict widow of JAMES THOMAS late of Duxbury, deceased, made oath to the inventory of his estate before Nathaniel Thomas, Judge of Probate. Settlement of his estate was made 24 Dec., 1720, in the Court of Isaac Winslow, Judge of Probate; it mentions land of the decd. lying at Lebanon, Co. of New London, in Conn., also land which he had out of meadows formerly belonging to his brother John Thomas, decd. The estate was divided between the widow, who received £119. 19s. 8d. as her share, and seven children, viz: James, John, Ebenezer, MARY, Ezekiel, Peleg and Hannah.[5]

MARY, widow of JAMES[2] THOMAS, removed to Lebanon, Conn., with some of her children and probably died there.

The children of JAMES[2] and MARY (TILDEN) THOMAS, all born in Duxbury, were:[4]

1 MARY[3] THOMAS, b. 17 Sept., 1693; m. JOSEPH LANGBELL 5 Apr., 1722[6]
2 James[3] Thomas, b. 10 Feb., 1696; m. Deborah Sherman[7]
3 Hannah[3] Thomas, b. 30 Aug., 1698; m. Wrestling Brewster 12 July, 1722; d. at Kingston 20 Aug., 1788. Wrestling Brewster b. 3 or

4 Aug., 1694, d. Kingston, 1 Jan., 1767[5]

4 John[3] Thomas, b. 4 Nov., 1700

5 Ebenezer[3] Thomas, b. 30 Sept., 1703

6 Ezekiel[3] Thomas, b. 20 Sept., 1706

7 Peleg[3] Thomas, mentioned in his father's will; d. before 22 Jan., 1728 (mentioned as deceased in deed of that date)

See LANGRELL.

See TILDEN.

References for THOMAS line:

1 Savage's Genealogical Dictionary, Vol. 4, p. 28;

2 Ancient Landmarks of Plymouth, W. T. Davis, 1899, p. 261;

3 Marshfield Vital Records, Mayflower Descendant, Vol. 2, p. 112;

4 Duxbury, Mass., V. R., pp. 174-5-319;

5 Wills of Plymouth Co., Mass., Vol. 4, pp. 256-7; Plymouth Co. Probate Registry, Plymouth, Mass.;

6 Plymouth V. R., Mayflower Descendant, Vol. 14, p. 39;

7 Ancient Landmarks of Plymouth, W. T. Davis, 1899, pp. 260-1;

8 Brewster Gen., Emma Brewster Jones Brewster, Vol. 1, p. 64;

9 Plymouth Co. Deeds, Vol. 24, p. 51; Plymouth Registry, Plymouth, Mass.

TILDEN

THOMAS TILDEN of Tenterden, born probably at Benenden after 1541, was buried at Wye 6 June, 1617. He married (1) at Tenterden 10 Mar., 1576-7, ALICE BIGGS who was buried at Tenterden 13 May, 1593; married (2) 13 Nov., 1593, Ellen Evernden, widow of Rolvinden. The date of Ellen's death is unknown, but THOMAS TILDEN left a widow Alice, probably the mother of his son Freegift.

Between 1604 and 1614 THOMAS TILDEN left Tenterden and moved perhaps to East Guilford in Sussex, not far across the border from Tenterden, as he owned lands there. What reason he had for moving to Wye does not appear.

His children by his wife ALICE BIGGS, all baptized at Tenterden, were:

1 Sara, bapt. 30 Aug., 1579; m. probably 20 Nov., 1600, John Stanshame; not mentioned in her father's will
2 Abigail, bapt. 26 Feb., 1581-2, buried at Tenterden 5 Aug., 1582
3 NATHANIEL, bapt. 28 July, 1583
4 Joseph, bapt. 28 Nov., 1585; citizen and girdler of London. Will dated 1 Feb., 1642. (See Waters' Gleanings, Vol. 1, p. 71)
5 Hopestill, bapt. 1 May, 1588
6 Thomas, bapt. 1 May, 1593, m. and had a son Samuel, bapt. at Wye 5 Feb., 1617-18. Samuel and daughters Anne and Elizabeth are mentioned in the will of his uncle Hopestill, in 1661
7 Child, either by 2nd or 3rd wife, bapt. at Tenterden
8 Freegift, bapt. 29 May, 1604; living 1660. (See Waters' Gleanings, Vol. 2, p. 1305)[1]
9 Theophilus, bapt. 11 Oct., 1590, not mentioned in father's will

See BIGGS.

NATHANIEL[1] TILDEN, emigrant ancestor, son of Thomas and Alice (Biggs) Tilden, was baptized at Tenterden 28 July, 1583. He emigrated with his family to New England, and settled at Scituate, Mass.

The date of their arrival here is a disputed question. Savage, accepting the evidence of the immigration lists, records that he came in the Hercules from Sandwich, in Co. Kent, England, in March, 1634-5, with his wife LYDIA, seven children, and seven servants, adding that he may have visited our country before and gone home again to bring his household.[2] The record of their immigration is found in Hotten, who gives the following regarding them:[3]

"Of all such persons as embarked themselves in the good ship called Hercules, of Sandwich, and therein transported to the plantation called New England in America; with certificates from the ministers where they last dwelt of their conversation, and conformity to orders and discipline of the church, and that they had taken oath of allegiance and supremacy. (Certificates, all dated Feb. and March, 1634, are here omitted). NATHANIEL TILDEN of Tenterden, Yeoman and LYDIA his wife, seven children by name, seven servants by name."

But Deane's History states that NATHANIEL[1] TILDEN was in Scituate with his family before 1628, together with Gillson, Annable, Byrd, Foster and Rowley, who were among those called "Men of Kent," having come from that county in England, and cites the first record of transfer of lands at Satuit (Scituate) dated 1628, in which Henry Merritt sells to NATHANIEL TILDEN "All that land that I had of Goodman Byrd, lying within the fence at the North end of the third Cliffe, unto the land of NATHANIEL TILDEN." Colonial Record.

It appears probable that, as Savage conjectures, he may have come to Scituate at the earlier date, returning to England later to bring his wife and children.

He married in England, about 1606, LYDIA, daughter of Stephen and Winifred (Hatch) (Wills) HUCKSTEP, who was baptized 11 Feb., 1587-8, and who emigrated to New England with him.[5] That she was the mother of all his children is proved by the bequest in Joseph Tilden's will: "To my Sister LYDIA TILDEN, late wife of my brother NATHANIEL TILDEN * * * and to her two daughters who are married in New England." (Waters' Gleanings, vol. 1, p. 71.) These daughters were born 1610 and 1613.

Tenterden, a limb of the Cinque Port of Rye, was a prosperous town in the Weald of Kent. NATHANIEL TILDEN, called "Mr." in both old and New England records, and "Gentleman" in his brother Hopestill's will, was a man of importance, Mayor in 1622 and Jurat—a Jurat was also justice of the peace—in 1624-5-7-9.[1] In New England also he was a town officer, and was chosen Ruling Elder of the First Church of Scituate in 1634.

In Feb., 1634, and April, 1635, the year then beginning in March, NATHANIEL TILDEN was allotted a house-lot of five

acres on Kent Street. The houses of that time were generally log houses and covered with thatch cut from the sedges of the salt marshes. He also had lands at Long Marsh, and in 1640 lands on the east side of North River below Gravelly Beach.[4] In May, 1637, he, with his friend Timothy Hatherly, was appointed by Plymouth Colony to settle the bounds between it and Massachusetts.[5]

ELDER NATHANIEL TILDEN died in 1641.[6] His will, dated May 25, 1641, and proved July 31, 1641, bequeaths "To wife LYDIA the income of my Stone house, with the lands in Tenterden, Kent, England, in which Richard Lambeth now dwells, etc. To son Joseph a double portion, that is, as much as both Thomas and STEPHEN, (in lands, houses, etc., in Scituate and Marshfield.) To Lydia and STEPHEN, my two youngest children, a maintenance 'till 21. To Judith, a cow. To Mary, wife of Thomas Lapham, 10 shillings. To Sarah, wife of George Sutton, 10 shillings; servants Edward Ginkins (Jenkins) and Edward Tarte; son Joseph named Executor."

The Inventory of his estate, given in the Colonial Records, shows that he belonged to the wealthiest class of early settlers. Among his effects listed are "Ten stocks or swarms of bees," appraised at £10, perhaps the earliest reference found to the keeping of bees in the Colony.[4]

LYDIA, widow of NATHANIEL TILDEN, married (2) in 1642 Timothy Hatherly, whom she survived. Mr. Hatherly was one of the wealthiest men in the Colony. His will dated 30 Oct., 1666, made generous provision for his wife and her children, as well as his other relatives.[5]

The children of NATHANIEL[1] and LYDIA (HUCKSTEP) TILDEN, all baptized in Tenterden, Co. Kent, Eng., were:[1]

1 Thomas[2] Tilden, bapt. 23 Oct., 1608; buried at Tenderden 19 Jan., 1618-19
2 Mary[2] Tilden, bapt. 20 May, 1610, came with her father to New Eng.; m. 13 Mar., 1636-7, Thomas Lapham
3 Joseph[2] Tilden, bapt. 12 Jan., 1611-12; bur. Tent, 15 Mar., 1611-12
4 Sarah[2] Tilden, bapt. 13 June, 1613; came with her father to New Eng.: m. 13 Mar., 1636-7, George Sutton
5 Joseph[2] Tilden, bapt. 29 Apr., 1615; came with father to New Eng.; m. 20 Nov., 1649, Alice or Elizabeth Twisden, widow or daughter of John. Lived in Scituate
6 Stephen[2] Tilden, bapt. 31 Mar., 1617; buried Tenterden 21 Oct., 1619
7 Thomas[2] Tilden, bapt. 19 Jan., 1618-19, came with father to New

Eng.; m. Elizabeth (Bourne) Waterman, widow of Robert Waterman, and daughter of Thos. Bourne of Marshfield; lived in Marshfield

8 Judith[2] Tilden, bapt. 22 Oct., 1620; came with father to New Eng.; m. Abraham Preble

9 Winifred[2] Tilden, bapt. 20 Oct., 1622, buried Tenterden 14 Sept., 1627

10 Lydia[2] Tilden, bapt. 30 May, 1624, buried 15 Sept., 1624

11 Lydia[2] Tilden, bapt. 28 Sept., 1625, came with father to New Eng.; m. Richard Garrett

12 STEPHEN[2] TILDEN, bapt. 11 Oct., 1629; came with father to New Eng.; m. 25 Jan., 1661-2, HANNAH LITTLE; lived in Marshfield

STEPHEN[2] TILDEN, youngest child of Nathaniel[1] and Lydia (Huckstep) Tilden, was baptized in Tenterden, England, 11 Oct., 1629, and died in Scituate, Mass., 22 Aug., 1711. He took the oath of fidelity and became a freeman in Scituate in 1657.[6]

Coming with his father and mother to Scituate when he was about five years old, he married there Jan. 25, 1661, HANNAH LITTLE, daughter of Thomas and Ann (Warren) Little of Marshfield, who died in Scituate 13 May, 1710.[7]

ANN WARREN was the daughter of Richard and Elizabeth Warren, her father being a passenger in the Mayflower in 1620.

STEPHEN[2] and HANNAH (LITTLE) TILDEN resided in Marshfield. Their children, recorded in the Scituate records, were:[7]

1 Hannah[3] Tilden, b. 14 Oct., 1662

2 Stephen[3] Tilden, b. 5 Feb., 1663

3 Abigail[3] Tilden, b. ....., 1666

4 MARY[3] TILDEN, b. 7 Apr., 1668

5 Judith[3] Tilden, b. 1 June, 1670

6 Joseph[3] Tilden, b. 13 May, 1672; m. 30 Nov., 1710, Sara White

7 Mercy[3] Tilden, b. 1 May, 1674; m. 23 July, 1701, Benjamin Stockbridge

8 Ruth[3] Tilden, b. 1 June, 1676

9 Isaac[3] Tilden, b. ....., 1678

10 Ephraim[3] Tilden, b. 20 Nov., 1680

11 Ebenezer[3] Tilden, b. 16 June, 1682; m. 23 Mar., 1713-14, Mary Vinall

12 David[3] Tilden, b. 6 Nov., 1685; m. 11 Jan., 1710-11, Abigail Pitcher

See THOMAS, JAMES.[2]

See HUCKSTEP.

See LITTLE.

References:

1 Genealogical Research in England, Transcribed by Miss Elizabeth French, and communicated by the Committee on English Research. New England Register, Vol. 65, pp. 330-1;
2 Savage's Genealogical Dictionary of Early New England Settlers. Vol. 2, p. 377; Vol. 4, p. 301;
3 Original Lists of Persons of Quality 1600-1700. John C. Hotten, 1874, p. XIX Introduction;
4 History of Scituate, Mass., Samuel Deane, 1831, pp. 8-9-10; 353-4-5;
5 Genealogical Research in England, Transcribed by Miss Elizabeth French, New England Register, Vol. 67, p. 48;
6 Savage's Genealogical Dictionary, Vol. 2, p. 377; also Genealogical Advertiser, Dec., 1903, pp. 53 to 56;
7 Scituate, Mass., Vital Records, Vol. 1, pp. 356-7-9-60; Vol. 2, pp. 451-2;
8 Will of NATHANIEL[1] TILDEN, Mayflower Descendant, Vol. 3, p. 220;
9 Plymouth Colonial Records, Vol. 8, p. 180.

MAYFLOWER DESCENT
of
GEORGE L. WATERS
from
RICHARD WARREN

1
Richard Warren ..... Elizabeth .....

2
Ann Warren ..... Thomas Little

3
Hannah Little ..... Stephen Tilden

4
Mary Tilden ..... James Thomas

5
Mary Thomas ..... Joseph Langrell

6
Mary Langrell ..... Samuel Law

7
Consider Law ..... Sarah Grommon

8
Caroline Law ..... Aretus Waters

9
Albertus Waters ..... Cynthia Nodine

10
George L. Waters ..... Ida A. Parsons

WARREN

RICHARD WARREN of the Mayflower.

RICHARD[1] WARREN, first of the Warren name in America, sailed from Plymouth, England, in the historic "Mayflower," 6 Sept., 1620 (Old Style). He was not of the Leyden Company, but joined the Pilgrims from London (Arber's Story of the Pilgrim Fathers, Page 355), and he was one of the signers of the Compact framed in the Cabin of the "Mayflower" while in Cape Cod Harbor, which was the first platform of civil government in the new world, and which converted the band of unknown adventurers into an immortal Commonwealth.

Morton, in his "New England's Memorial," prints his name as twelfth in the list of Signers, and Prince, in his New England Chronology, adds the honorable prefix of "Mr." from the register at the end of Bradford's folio manuscript.

He was one of the third exploring party which was surprised by the Indians, (Goodwin's Pilgrim Republic, p. 90), 18 Dec., 1620, at the spot since known as "The First Encounter." This was the first event in the Indian wars of New England, (Bodge's Soldiers in King Philip's War).

Technically speaking, he was one of the first to land at Plymouth, 21 Dec., 1620, on what might be called the birthday of New England.

Under the land division of 1623, RICHARD WARREN'S apportionment, as one of the "Mayflower" passengers, fell in the north side of the town, with William White, Edward Winslow, John Goodman, John Crackstone, John Alden, Marie Chilton, Capt. Myles Standish, Francis Eaton, Henry Sampson and Humilitie Cooper; (Plym. Col. Rec. XII, 4-6), and under those who came in the "Ann," his lands were "on the other side of the town towards Eele River," where he made his home, in the section later known as Wellingsley or Hobshole, and where he died in 1628. He also owned land along the shore of the present Warren's Cove. (Davis's Landmarks of Plymouth, Part I, p. 327.)

He was one of the 19 signers of the Compact who survived the first winter. A contemporaneous authority described him as "grave Richard Warren," "a man of integrity, justice and uprightness, of piety and serious religion," and

as "a useful instrument during the short time he lived, bearing a deep share in the difficulties and troubles of the plantation." (Morton's New England Memorial.)

He married in England, ELIZABETH ....., who followed him to Plymouth in the Ann in 1623, accompanied by her daughters. MRS. WARREN was rated in the Plymouth tax list of 1632-3, and was one of the first purchasers of Dartmouth. A study of the early Plymouth records leads to the conclusion that she was a woman of force and social position in the community, and she is therein usually spoken of as "MISTRESS" ELIZABETH WARREN, a designation by no means common. And she is one of the rare instances in that early colony of continued widowhood.

A glimpse of one side of her domestic life is to be had in connection with the prosecution by the General Court of her servant, Thomas Williams, 5 July, 1635, for "speaking profane and blasphemous speeches against ye majestie of God." "There being some dissention between him and his dame, she after other things exhorted him to fear God and doe his duty." (Plym. Col. Rec. 1-35.)

Upon the marriage of her daughters, MRS. WARREN conveyed to their respective husbands certain lands variously located at Eel River and Wellingsley. (Ibid XII, 27, 53.) She died at Plymouth 2 Oct., 1673, aged above 90 years. For some unknown reason, unless there is a mistake in the records, she was not buried until the 22nd day after her death, when it was entered on the records that she "haueing liued a godly life, came to her graue as a shock of corn fully ripe." (Plym. Col. Rec. VIII, 35.)

The children of RICHARD[1] and ELIZABETH WARREN were:

1 Mary[2] Warren, b. 1628 in Eng.; m. Robert Bartlett; he d. 1676, ae. 73
2 ANN[2] WARREN, b. about 1612 in Eng.; m. THOMAS LITTLE
3 Sarah[2] Warren, b. in Eng.; m. 28 Mar., 1634, John Cooke Jr., who d. at Dartmouth 23 Nov., 1695
4 Elizabeth[2] Warren, b. in Eng.; m. 1635-6, Richard Church; d. Dedham 27 Dec., 1668
5 Abigail[2] Warren, b. in Eng.; m. 8 Nov., 1639, Anthony Snow; Inventory 12 Nov., 1692
6 Nathaniel[2] Warren, b. in Plymouth, 1624; d. 1667
7 Joseph[2] Warren, b. in Plymouth before 22 May, 1627; d. 4 May, 1689

ANN[2] WARREN was born in England about 1612 (Plym. Col. Wills, III, I., 40.); she was a passenger in the "Ann"

with her mother, arriving at Plymouth in July, 1623.

She married 19 Apr., 1633, THOMAS LITTLE of Plymouth. MR. LITTLE was impressed into the military company of Plymouth in Aug., 1643; removed to Marshfield in 1650, and died there 12 March, 1671.

Under date of Aug. 1, 1652, he conveyed the house and lot at Eel River which he had by marriage, to Richard Foster. (Plym. Deeds, 11, 12.)

The children of THOMAS and ANN (WARREN) LITTLE were:

1 Isaac[3] Little, b. 1646 in Plymouth; d. Marshfield 29 Dec., 1699; m. Bethia ....., who d. 3 Sept., 1718
2 Thomas[3] Little, killed in King Philip's War, 26 Mar., 1676
3 Ephraim[3] Little, b. 17 May, 1650, Marshfield; d. 24 Nov., 1717, at Scituate; m. 22 Nov., 1672 Mary Sturtevant, dau. of Samuel of Plymouth, b. 7 Dec., 1651, d. 10 Feb., 1717, Scituate
4 Samuel[3] Little, b. 1656; m. 18 May, 1682, Sarah Gray, dau. of Edward and Mary (Winslow) Gray of Plymouth, b. Aug. 12, 1659
5 HANNAH[3] LITTLE, m. 25 Jan., 1661, STEPHEN TILDEN of Marshfield
6 Mercy[3] Little, buried at Marshfield 10 Feb., 1693; m. Nov., 1666, as first wife, John Sawyer of Marshfield. He d. 28 Apr., 1711, having m. (2) 23 Nov., 1694, Rebecca, widow of Josiah Snow
7 Ruth[3] Little
8 Patience[3] Little

See LITTLE.

References:

1 "Richard Warren of the Mayflower," Mrs. W. A. Roebling, New England Register, Vol. 55, pp. 70-1-2;
2 Mayflower Descendant, Vol. 3, pp. 45-51.

WIGGLESWORTH

REV. MICHAEL[1] WIGGLESWORTH was a native of England, born Oct. 28, 1631, in his own words "of godly parents, that feared the Lord greatly, even from their youth. Meeting with opposition and persecution for religeon, because they went from their own parish church to hear the word and receive the Lord's supper etc., took up resolutions to pluck up their stakes and remove themselves to New England, and accordingly they did so, leaving dear relations, friends and acquaintances, their native land, a new built house, a flourishing trade, to expose themselves to the hazards of the seas, and to the distressing difficulties of a howling wilderness, that they might enjoy liberty of conscience and Christ and his ordinances."

After many difficulties and dangers, they landed at Charlestown, MICHAEL then being not "full seven years old." After seven weeks stay at Charlestown, the family removed by sea to New Haven, in Oct., 1638. "Winter approaching" he says, "we dwelt in a cellar partly underground, covered with earth, the first winter. But I remember that one great rain brake in upon us and drencht me so in my bed, being asleep that I fell sick upon it."

He was forthwith put to school to that famous pedagogue Mr. Ezekiel Cheever, under whom he made such proficiency, that he began to write Latin composition before he was nine years old. His father, however, being visited with lameness, which "grew upon him thirteen years to his dying day," was obliged to take him off from his studies to assist him.

In his fourteenth year his father sent him back to his studies and in three years after he was entered at Harvard College, where he graduated in 1651, and was soon appointed a fellow and tutor in that then youthful seat of learning.

In a document prepared by himself, probably to be presented at his examination as a candidate for ordination, he pays so beautiful a tribute to the piety and self denial of his father, that we cannot refrain from quoting it. "It was an act of self-denial in my father, that, notwithstanding his own lameness and great weakness of body which required the service and helpfulness of a son, and having but one son to be the staff of his age and support of his weakness, he would

yet for my good be content to deny himself of that comfort and assistance I might have lent him. It was also an evident proof of strong faith in him, in that he durst adventure to send me to the College, though his estate was but small and little enuf to support himself and small family at home. And God let him live to see how acceptable to Himself this service was in giving up his only son to the Lord, and bringing him up to learning, especially the lively actings of his faith and self-denial therein. For, first, notwithstanding his great weariness of body, yet he lived till I was so far brought up as that I was called to be a fellow of the College and improved in public service, then and until I had preached several times; yea, and more so; he lived to see and hear what God had done for my soul in turning me from darkness into light, and from the power of Satan unto God, which filled his heart with joy and thankfulness beyond what can be expressed. And for his outward estate, that was so far from being sunk by what he had spent from year to year upon my education, that in six years time it was plainly doubled; which himself took great notice of, and spake of it to myself and others, to the praise of God, with admiration and thankfulness. And after he had lived under great and sore affliction for the space of fourteen years, a pattern of faith, patience, humility and heavenly mindedness, having done his work in my education, and received an answer to his prayers, God took him to his Heavenly Rest, where he is now reaping the fruit of his labors."

REV. WIGGLESWORTH was much troubled with ill health while residing in Cambridge. Toward the end of his college course though he had been intending to apply himself to study and practice of physic, he turned his attention to the work of the ministry. When he was about twenty-two years of age, he was invited to preach at Malden, Mass. It was some five months before he concluded to accept the invitation. He supplied the pulpit a year and a half, being much troubled to decide what his duty might be, before he was fully inducted into the pastoral office. This was about 1654, some six years after the incorporation of the town. His ill health continued, and while struggling under his burdens, we find him employing himself writing his noted poem, "The Day of Doom," of which the first edition was published about 1662. It consisted

of 1,800 copies which were sold within a year, with some profit to the author. The second edition was printed four years later, with addition of Scriptural proofs and marginal notes. In the preface of this book, which has been printed seven times in this country and once republished in London, he intimates that many supposed from his habitual cheerfulness, that his disorders were wholly imaginary.

REV. WIGGLESWORTH also gave to the publisher in 1669, a poem on sanctification of afflictions of which he had large experience. Of this book we have a copy of the fifth edition "Corrected and amended by the author in year 1703," not long before his death. Considering the small population of these colonies at that time, these frequent reprints are a remarkable proof of popularity. It is said that very many of the old saints of past generations could recite the whole from memory. (This poem described, pp. 148-9, and a dozen stanzas given on pp. 150-1-2-3, "Bi-Centennial of Malden, Mass.," 1850.)

When MR. WIGGLESWORTH had exercised his ministry some eight or nine years he was laid aside from his duties, apparently by some pulmonary complaint, perhaps asthma, under which disability he labored more than twenty years. On Sept. 23, 1663, he sailed for Bermuda in search of health, where he remained about seven months and a half. The tedious and stormy voyage seems to have impaired his health so much that a change of climate afforded him little relief, and he returned much discouraged. He met a very cordial welcome from his friends and parish. His long illness made him so conversant with the taking of medicine, that he took to administering it. At last, when his church, which had been supplied by several able ministers, was reduced to a state of extreme distress, his health was wonderfully restored, and for twenty years he was enabled to sustain the labors of his pastoral office. About a year after the resumption of his duties, in 1686, he preached the Election Sermon, which was published, and the Artillery Sermon in 1696. He died June 10, 1705, of which event Judge Small writes as follows in his diary: "Lord's Day, June 10, 1705, the learned and pious MR. MICHAEL WIGGLESWORTH, died at Malden about 9 A. M. He had been sick about 10 days with a fever; seventy-three years and eight months old. He was the author of a poem

entitled "The Day of Doom," which has been so often printed and was very useful as a physician." His name was held in great veneration in Malden long after his death.[1]

REV. MICHAEL[1] WIGGLESWORTH married (1) about 1654 Mary, daughter of Humphrey Reyner, of Rowley; he married (2) about 1679-80 MARTHA MUDGE, daughter of Thomas Mudge of Malden, Mass., who died 4 Sept., 1690, aged 28 years; he married (3) Sybil, widow of Jonathan Avery, of Dedham, and daughter of Nathaniel and Patience (Newman) Sparhawk, who died 6 Aug., 1708, aged 53 years.
By his first wife Mary Reyner, he had one daughter:

1 Mercy, b. Feb., 1655-6; m. (1) Samuel Brackenbury, (2) Rev. (Samuel) Belcher

The children of MICHAEL[1] and MARTHA (MUDGE) WIGGLESWORTH were:[2]

2 Abigail, b. 20 Mar., 1681; m. Samuel Tappan 23 Dec., 1700
3 Mary, b. 21 Sept., 1682; unmarried in 1708
4 MARTHA, b. 21 Dec., 1683; m. ..... Wheeler and had a son; m. (2) 15 Dec., 1708, DR. SAMUEL LAW[4]
5 Esther, b. 16 Apr., 1685, m. (1) 8 June, 1708, John Sewall, who d. 1711; m. (2) Abraham Tappan, 21 Oct., 1713
6 Dorothy, b. 22 Feb., 1687-8; m. 2 June, 1709, James Upham
7 Rev. Samuel, b. 4 Feb., 1689-90, d. 3 Sept., 1768

The child of MICHAEL[1] and Sybil (Sparhawk) (Avery) Wigglesworth:

8 Prof. Edward D. D., b. 1692, d. 1765

The people of Malden looked with disfavor upon the marriage of MICHAEL WIGGLESWORTH with his second wife MARTHA MUDGE. For nearly twenty years after the death of his first wife Mary Reyner, he remained unmarried, preferring perhaps to bear alone the ills to which an untimely fate had made him heir. Perhaps the marriage of his only daughter Mercy and her removal to Boston in 1673, may have left him alone and the forlorn experiences of the next few years have turned his thoughts toward a change.

That he continued to live in his little house, is not unlikely. That he had a youthful housekeeper is very certain, and the result was not unnatural. He was in his forty-eighth year when he resolved to change his manner of living; and the means by which he proposed to make that change was

about eighteen years of age.

When the news came to him, Increase Mather, in a letter of alarm and council, wrote to MR. WIGGLESWORTH: and hardly had his admonitory and exhortatory epistle been written, when, before it had left the writer's hands, came MR. Blackman, bringing MICHAEL WIGGLESWORTH'S papers, stating his case and mentioning reasons inducing him to marry his youthful servant, and he wrote again to the errant pastor. The latter was written 12 May, 1679, and the two were sent together to Malden.

If MR. WIGGLESWORTH had not changed since his college days, the reading of those "composures" must have been the cause of much self-examination and abasement . But the singer of the "Day of Doom" was not disposed to "put the object out of sight" nor to "overcome these temptations," and in spite of Increase Mather and his "not very forward friends" and the displeasure of his relations and the Malden people, he let affection "bias his judgment" and married MARTHA MUDGE without regard to her "obscure parentage, her youth, and her being no church member." She was the youngest child of a Malden farmer, Thomas Mudge, and was about six years younger than MICHAEL'S daughter Mercy Wigglesworth, but she made the preacher a good wife and bore him five daughters and one son, among whose descendants are honored clergymen, lawyers, professors and scholars, who need not hold otherwise than in honor the day when MICHAEL WIGGLESWORTH married his youthful "servant mayd." Her husband testified to her worth in later years; for in writing to Mrs. Sybil Avery of Dedham, seeking her for his third wife, he said, "My late wife was a means under God of my recovering a better state of health."

It is worthy of note that the marriage of MR. WIGGLESWORTH does not appear upon the returns of the town clerk of Malden, nor has its record been found elsewhere. That the people of Malden did not look upon this marriage with favor may be readily understood. Added to the dissatisfaction which already existed, it did not lessen the difficulties which were between the members of the church and its teacher. But if the Malden Church and its people continued to look upon him with disfavor, the displeasure of Mr. Mather and the brethren of other churches passed away and he came to

be held in good opinion.

His wife MARTHA died 4 Sept., 1690, at the age of about twenty-eight years. She had been a blessing and a help to him, and her death was a great loss.

He was now near his 60th year and the happy experiences of his second marriage and the care of his six young children, the eldest not yet ten years old, were probable inducements which led him soon to cast about for another helpmeet.

He married Sybil Avery 23 June 1691. "She was beloved for her kind and charitable disposition," says Mr. Dean, "and her character and standing in society may have aided her husband in allaying the troubles in the parish."[5]

See LAW, SAMUEL.[3]

References for WIGGLESWORTH line:

1 Bi-Centennial of Malden, Mass., A. W. McClure, J. G. Adams and Wm. H. Richardson Jr., 1850; pp. 144-158;
2 Prince's Subscribers, New England Register, Vol. 15, pp. 334-5;
3 New England Register, Vol. 23, pp. 212-13;
4 History of Concord, Mass., Shattuck, 1835, p. 377;
5 History of Malden, Mass., D. P. Corey, 1899; pp. 261-2-4-5; 281 to 286.

INDEX

This is an index of families and heads of families only

Page

Bigge—Biggs Family 47
Alyce 47
Robert and Elizabeth (.....) 47
Carrier Family 48
Sarah 48
Thomas and Martha (Allen) 50
Thomas and Susanna (Johnson) 48
Curtis—Curtice Family 51
Benjamin 51
Eunice 51
Eunice (Bidwell) 51
Joseph and Patience 51
Daton—Dayton Family 52
Abigail 53
Henry and Abigail (.....) 52
Descent of George L. Waters from
John Law, Concord, Mass., ab. 1656 64
Richard Warren of the Mayflower, 1620 84
Richard Waters, Salem, Mass., 1637 6
Draper Family 54
Lydia 54
Roger 54
Huckstep Family 55
Lydia 55
Stephen and Winifred (Hatch) Wills 55
Langrell Family 56
Joseph and Mary (Thomas) 56
Mary 61
Little Family 63
Hannah ..... 63 and 87
Thomas and Ann (Warren) ..... 63 and 87
Law Family 65
Caroline 70
Consider and (1) Martha (Allen); (2) Sarah Grummon 70
Dr. Samuel and Martha (Wigglesworth) (Wheeler) 65
John and Lydia (Draper) 65
Samuel and Mary (Langrell) 67
Pitney Family 72
James and Sarah (.....) 72
Sarah 72
Starling-Sterling Family 73
Ann 76
William and (1) Elizabeth (.....); (3) Mrs.
Anne (Nichols) (Neale) 74

INDEX—(Continued)

Page

Thomas Family 77
James and Mary (Tilden) 77
John and Sarah (Pitney) 77
Mary 77
Tilden Family 79
Mary 82
Nathaniel and Lydia (Huckstep) 80
Stephen and Hannah (Little) 82
Thomas and Alice (Biggs) 79
Warren Family 85
Ann ..... 86 and 87
Richard and Elizabeth (.....) 86
Waters Family 7
Ada Jane (Waters) and Oliver A. Burke 39
Albertus Aretus and Cynthia (Nodine) 38
Alcander Septimius and Martha (Nodine) 37
Alta Etta (Waters) and Albert Dahl 44
Uldrikka Dahl and Carl Schmidt 44
Amanda (Waters) Benjamin 30
Aretus and Caroline (Law) 31
Aretus Albertus and (1) Mary Marlow); (2) Zarilda (Davis) 44
Caroline (Waters) and Joseph H. Graham 42
Alta Amy Graham and Glenn R. Wood 42
Ruth Alice Graham and Charles Eaton 42
Joseph H. Graham and Mary L. (Stewart) 42
Arthur W. Graham and Catherine Stewart 42
Charles H. and Gladys (Briddon) 40
Cynthia (Waters) and Lewis Tubbs 30
David and Eunice (Curtis) ..... 28 and 29
David Curtis and Sue (Brown) 40
Elijah and Lucy (Hills) 29
Elvena (Waters) and Edward Kiplinger ..... 42 and 43
George A. Kiplinger and Ida (Rowland) ..... 42 and 43
Carlton M. Kiplinger and Fannie R. (Hughes) 43
Benjamin A. Kiplinger and (1) Lora L. (Merritt); (2) Katherine (Diehl) 43
Emily Amelia (Waters) and James Blanchard 41
Jessie Blanchard and (1) Josephine (Hoffman) 41
Gertrude Blanchard and Robert Zerfing 41
George Henry and Jessie (.....) 39
George Leland and Ida A. (Parsons) ..... 44 and 45
Henry Dennison and (1) Clara (Griswold); (2) Ellen (Gibbs) 40
James and Mary (Stallworthy) 12
James and Phebe (Manning) 7

MAR 2 4 1930

INDEX—(Continued)

Page

James H. and Jessie (Davenport) 40
Leland Leslie and Marian Louise (Youngblut) 45
Lena Lillian (Waters) and Wm. Sprague 39
Leonard and Huldah (.....) 30
Levi Orson and Mary I. McGraw 39
Linda (Waters) and Harry Greenman 30
Mordaunt Merton and Elizabeth (Beden) 37
Norton and Phebe (Hills) ..... 29 and 30
Orson and (1) Margaret (Comerford) ;
(2) Lucy (Bronson) (Andrews) ..... 39 and 40
Oscar and (1) Kate (Webster) ; 39
Richard and Joyce (.....) 11
Ensign Samuel and Anne (Sterling ?) 19
Major Stallworthy and Abigail (Dayton) 27
Sarah Ann (Waters) and Alpheus B. House 39
Stallworthy and Sarah (Carrier) ..... 23 and 24
Temperance (Waters) and Joseph Hills 28
Worthy and Mary (Pride) 30
Zella (Waters) and Almon I. Jennings 43
Lola M. Jennings and John R. Slone 43
Zella K. Slone and Leon Harvey 43
Cynthia W. Jennings and Jack Berney ..... 43 and 44
Bert B. Jennings and Sarah A. (Clarke) 44
Wigglesworth Family 89
Martha 91
Rev. Michael and (1) Mary (Reyner) ; (2) Martha
(Mudge) ; (3) Sybil (Sparhawk) (Avery) 91